TO: James L. App, City Manager

FROM: Robert A. Lata, Community Development Director

SUBJECT: New Superior Court at 940 Spring Street (Mitigated Negative Declaration, Planned

Development 03-005, and Waiver 03-007)

DATE: November 4, 2003

Needs: In its capacity as property owner, the City Council is being asked:

- To review/comment on the preliminary building elevations and site plan for the new Superior Court facility, and
- To acknowledge completion of the City's development review process in compliance with the executed Ground Lease.

The new Superior Court facility is the result of collaborative efforts of the City, the County, and the Courts, as more fully described in the executed Ground Lease by and between the City and the County.

- The new Superior Court facility is to be constructed and operated on the approximately 1.4-acre site located on Park Street, immediately west of the Public Safety Center (see attached map). This new facility would replace the existing one at 549 10th Street.
- The City's Economic Strategy and its General Plan call for retaining and expanding the North County Municipal Courts in the Downtown. One of the major goals of the Strategy is development of Downtown into a Commercial/Entertainment Center that:
 - Accommodates a Government Center, including Public Safety, Library/City Hall, and County Courts;
 - Caters to the tourists; and
 - Provides professional office space.
- 4. At its October 14, 2003 meeting, the Planning Commission took the following actions relating to the new Superior Court Project:
 - Adopted a Mitigated Negative Declaration and Mitigation Monitoring Program; and
 - Approved Planned Development 03-005 and Waiver 03-007, subject to compliance with standard and site-specific Conditions of Approval.

The Staff Report presented to the Commission is attached for City Council review/consideration.

- In the absence of an appeal, the Planning Commission's action is final. The appeal period ends at 5:00 pm on October 29, 2003. At the time this report was prepared, no appeal had been filed.
- The purpose of the City Council's review/comment is to act in the capacity of the property owner and to acknowledge completion of the City's development review process in compliance with the executed Ground Lease.

Facts:

Analysis and Conclusion:

A major component of the review process for the Superior Court facility involved providing various forums for public input, including a Public Workshop, three (3) Development Review Committee meetings, a Main Street Design Committee meeting, and a Planning Commission public hearing. Throughout the preliminary design phase, much effort was focused on creating a new public building that complements the others in the immediate area through:

- Use of the same or similar design elements as the Public Safety Center and the Library/City Hall;
- Orienting the building and the site towards the 10th/Park Street intersection in a manner that is similar to the Public Safety Center's orientation; and
- Use of an architectural style, as well as colors, materials, and finishes, that is complementary to that of the Public Safety Center and the Library/City Hall.

The County's submittal to the City included a narrative written by Mr. Bruce Fraser, Architect stating that: "The intent of the design for the new Paso Robles Superior Court Facility is to develop a distinguished public building for the Superior Court that exhibits the dignity appropriate to a justice facility, creates generous public spaces as a community amenity, and carefully reinforces the character of the neighborhood through building placement, materials, and detailing."

The Planning Commission found the new Superior Court facility to be a positive addition to the Downtown and a significant step in the continuing effort to develop a Civic Campus with public agencies, facilities, and services in one area.

Upon City Council confirmation of the Planning Commission's action on this Project, the next step is for the County to advertise for bids. Once final or substantially complete construction drawings have been prepared, they will be submitted to the City for Development Review Committee review and approval prior to construction in order to provide the DRC with the opportunity to verify that the precise details are consistently executed throughout all aspects of the project design.

Policy Reference:

Economic Development Strategy, General Plan, Zoning, and Municipal Code.

Fiscal

Impact:

The new Superior Court facility is part of the City's Economic Strategy for continued Downtown revitalization. As such, it is anticipated that there will be a positive fiscal impact associated with the spin-off effects associated with use of the court.

Options:

After consideration of public testimony, the City Council will be asked to consider the following options:

- a. Adopt Resolution No. 03-xx acknowledging completion of the City's development review process in compliance with the executed Ground Lease.
- b. Amend, modify or reject the foregoing option.

H:\TRyder\Current Planning\Court Facility\11 14 03 CC Report

Attachments:

- 1. Location Map
- 2. Architectural Site Plan
- 3. Building Elevations
- 4. Draft City Council Resolution No. 03-xx
- 5. 10/14/03 Planning Commission Staff Report

RESOLUTION 03-

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PASO ROBLES REVIEWING THE PRELIMARY PLANS FOR THE NEW SUPERIOR COURT FACILITY AND ACKNOWLEDGING COMPLETION OF THE CITY'S DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PROCESS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXECUTED GROUND LEASE

WHEREAS, the new Superior Court facility is the result of collaborative efforts of the City of El Paso de Robles, the County of San Luis Obispo, and the State Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County, as more fully described in the executed Ground Lease by and between the City and the County;

WHEREAS, the Ground Lease was executed in order to accommodate the County's construction and operation of a North County Superior Court facility;

WHEREAS, the City's Economic Strategy and its General Plan call for retaining and expanding the North County Municipal Courts in the Downtown;

WHEREAS, one of the major goals of the Strategy is development of Downtown into a Commercial/Entertainment Center that accommodates a Government Center, including Public Safety, Library/City Hall, and County Courts; caters to the tourists; and provides professional office space;

WHEREAS, at its October 14, 2003 meeting, the Planning Commission took the following actions relating to the new Superior Court Project: (a)adopted a Mitigated Negative Declaration and Mitigation Monitoring Program; and (b) approved Planned Development 03-005 and Waiver 03-007, subject to compliance with standard and site-specific Conditions of Approval;

WHEREAS, in the absence of the filing of an appeal, the Planning Commission's action on the new Superior Court Facility is final;

WHEREAS, the purpose of the City Council's review/comment is to act in the capacity of the property owner and to acknowledge completion of the City's development review process in compliance with the executed Ground Lease;

WHEREAS, throughout the preliminary design phase, much effort was focused on creating a new public building and related site improvements that complements the others in the immediate area through:

- Use of the same or similar design elements as the Public Safety Center and the Library/City Hall;
- Orienting the building and the site towards the 10th/Park Street intersection in a manner that is similar to the Public Safety Center's orientation; and
- Use of an architectural style, as well as colors, materials, and finishes, that is complementary to that of the Public Safety Center and the Library/City Hall.

WHEREAS, the County's submittal to the City included a narrative written by Mr. Bruce Fraser, Architect stating that: "The intent of the design for the new Paso Robles Superior Court Facility is to develop a distinguished public building for the Superior Court that exhibits the dignity appropriate to a justice facility, creates generous public spaces as a community amenity, and carefully reinforces the character of the neighborhood through building placement, materials, and detailing;"

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission found that the new Superior Court facility would be a positive addition to the Downtown and a significant step in the continuing to develop a Civic Campus with public agencies, facilities, and services in one area;

WHEREAS, once final or substantially complete construction drawings have been prepared for the new Superior Court Facility and related site as well as public improvements, they will be submitted to the City for Development Review Committee (DRC); and

WHEREAS, per the Project Conditions of Approval, the DRC will be the reviewing authority of the City responsible for approving the final or substantially complete construction drawings for compliance with the Conditions and to verify that the precise details are consistently executed throughout all aspects of the project design.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT FOUND, DETERMINED AND RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of El Paso de Robles that:

- 1. The City Council has reviewed and approved the preliminary plans for the new Superior Court facility at 940 Spring Street in its capacity as property-owner.
- 2. The City Council has acknowledged completion of the City's development review process in compliance with the executed Ground Lease.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Paso Robles this 4th day of November 2003 by the following roll call vote:

AYES: NOES: ABSTAIN: ABSENT:		
ATTEST:	Frank R. Mecham, Mayor	
Sharilyn M. Ryan, Deputy City Clerk	_	

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

LEGAL NEWSPAPER NOTICES

PLANNING COMMISSION/CITY COUNCIL PROJECT NOTICING

Newspaper:	Tribune				
Date of Publication:	May 10, 2003				
Meeting Date:	June 10, 2003(Planning Commission)				
Project:	Planned Development 03-005 -and- Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration for New Superior Court Facility at 940 Spring Street, Paso Robles				
	, employee of the Community ent, Planning Division, of the City				
	lo hereby certify that this notice is				
	ed legal newspaper notice for the				
above named project.					
Signed: Signed:					

forms\newsaffi.691

) Lonnie Dolan

CITY OF EL PASO DE ROBLES
NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING
NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT
A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION
FOR
NEW SUPERIOR COURT FACILITY
AT 940 SPRING STREET
APPLICANT: COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO,
GENERAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT ON
BEHALF OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the City of
El Paso de Robles will hold a Public Hearing of the
Planning Commission on Tuesday, June 10, 2003
to consider the following:
1) Adoption of a Mitigated Negative Declaration (a
statement of no significant environmental effects
with incorporation of the mitigation measures into
the project design) per the Statutes and Guidelines
of the California Environmental Quality Act (CECA)
and the City's Procedures for Implementing CECA;
and,
2) Approval of the proposed New Superior Count

and the Catiromia Environmental Quanty Act (CEQA) and, and, 2) Approval of the proposed New Superior Court Facility ("Facility") at 940 Spring Street in Downtown Paso Robles, involving the construction and operation of an approximately 22,400 square foot, two-story (36-feet high) Facility pursuant to Planned Development Application No. 03-005 on file in the Community Development Department at the Library/City Hall, Paso Robles, CA 93446.

The New Facility is to be built on an approximately 1.46-acre site, located on a portion of the City Block bounded by Spring Street on the west, 10th Street on the north, Park Street on the west, and 9th Street on the south (Assessor Parcel No. 009-151-002). It would replace the existing Superior Court Facility at 549 10th Street in Downtown Paso Robles. There are 13 on-site parking spaces in a fully secured area and 23 on-site, staff only parking spaces in an access controlled area. Access to and from the on-site parking lot is taken from Spring Street.

The General Plan land use designation of the Project site is CC (Community Commercial) and the Zoning is C2 PD (Highway Commercial) and the Zoning permit Public Facilities as a matter of right, subject to approval of a development plan application by the Planning Commission.

Development plan approval is required before any physical development of the site may occur (pursuant to Chapter 21.16A, Pianned Development District of Title 21 [Zoning] of the Paso Robles Municipal Code), and as further required in the executed long-term ground lease between the City of El Paso de Robles and the County of San Luis Obispo.

The public hearing of the Planning Commission.

Obspo.

The public hearing of the Planning Commission will be held beginning at the hour of 7:30 p.m. in the Conference Room of the Library/City Hall at 1000 Spring Street, Paso Robles, CA. The Commission's action on the Planned Development would be final in the absence of an annual

1000 Spring Street, Paso Robles, CA. The Commission's action on the Planned Development would be final in the absence of an appeal.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that the proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration, Initial Study, and Mitigation Monitoring Plan/Program are available for public review in the Community Development Department at Paso Robles Library/City Half. Copies may be purchased for the cost of reproduction. Comments on these documents will be accepted during the 30-day public review period from May 10, 2003 to June 10, 2003.

All persons interested in the environmental determination and/or the new Superior Court Facility Project are invited to comment by written correspondence prior to the public hearing or by oral testimony at the hearing. If you challenge the Mitigated Negative Declaration, Initial Study, Mitigation Monitoring Plan/Program and/or the Project in court, the challenge may be limited to those issues you or someone else raised at the public hearing described in the Notice, or in written correspondence delivered at, or prior to, the public hearing. For additional information or copies of the staff report, call Tina Ryder at (805) 237-3970.

Tina Ryder, City Planner May 10, 2003

5826277

AFFIDAVIT

OF MAIL NOTICES

PLANNING COMMISSION/CITY COUNCIL PROJECT NOTICING

I, <u>Lonnie Dolan</u>, employee of the City of El Paso de Robles, California, do hereby certify that the mail notices have been processed as required for <u>New Superior Court Facility – Mitigated</u>

<u>Negative Declaration</u>, on this <u>9th</u> day of May <u>2003</u>.

City of El Paso de Robles Community Development Department Planning Division

Signęd:__/\/

Lonnie Dolan

forms\mailaffi.691



CITY OF PASO ROBLES

INITIAL STUDY FOR NEW SUPERIOR COURT FACILITY SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

Prepared By: City of Paso Robles – Planning Division

Prepared For: New Superior Court Facility – Paso Robles

Lead Agency Contacts: Meg Williamson, Assistant to the City Manager

Tina Ryder, City Planner Darren Nash, Associate Planner

Lead Agency Address: City of Paso Robles, 1000 Spring Street

Paso Robles, CA 93446

Telephone (805) 237-3970 Facsimile (805) 239-3904

E-Mail **Tryder@prcity.com**

Environmental Begins: 05/10/03 **Review Period:** Ends 06/10/03

Environmental

Determination: Mitigated Negative Declaration

Environmental

Findings: The City Planner has determined that the Initial Study identified potentially

significant effects, but: (1) revisions in the Planned Development agreed to by the County of San Luis Obispo avoid the effects or mitigate the effects to a point where clearly none would be significant, and (2) there is no substantial evidence, in light of the whole record before the City that the project as revised

may have a significant effect on the environment.

Further, the City Planner has prepared a recommendation for consideration by the Planning Commission that the Commission find, on the basis of the whole record before it (including the Initial Study and any comments received thereon), that there is no substantial evidence that the project will have a significant effect on the environment and that the Mitigated Negative Declaration reflects the lead agency's independent judgment and analysis.

Planning Commission

Public Hearing: 06/10/03

Dated: 06/07/03

INITIAL STUDY FOR A NEW SUPERIOR COURT FACILITY, PASO ROBLES (SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sect	ion	Page Number
1.	General Project Information	1
2.	Project Description	2
3.	Other Agencies Whose Approval May Be Required	5
4.	Earlier Environmental Analysis and Related Environmental Documentation	5
5.	Context of Environmental Analysis for the Project	6
6.	Purposes of Initial Study	7
7.	Explanation of Answers Found on the Environmental Checklist Form	8
8.	Environmental Factors Potentially Affected	9
9.	Environmental Determination	9
10.	Environmental Checklist Form	10 to 25
11.	Earlier Analysis and Background Materials	26
12.	Mitigation Measures and Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan	27

List of Exhibits/Appendices

Exhibits

A.	Vicinity	M	lap
----	----------	---	-----

- B. Assessor Parcel Map
- C. Site Plan by KMD/Fraser Seiple Architects
- D. Building Elevations

Appendices (On File at Paso Robles Library/City Hall)

- Preliminary Title Report by First American Title Company
- Phase I Environmental Site Assessment by Earth Systems Pacific
- Drilling and Sampling Results by Earth Systems Pacific
- Soils Engineering Report by Earth Systems Pacific
- Geologic/Seismic Hazards Report by Earth Systems Pacific
- Tree Protection Report by Carolyn Leach Consulting Inc
- Traffic and Circulation Study by Associated Transportation Engineers
- Trip Generation Rates, Average Daily Trips Calculation Letter by Vanir

CITY OF PASO ROBLES – PLANNING DIVISION INITIAL STUDY FOR NEW SUPERIOR COURT FACILITY PLANNED DEVELOPMENT 03-005

1. GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT TITLE: New Superior Court Facility (County of San Luis Obispo)

LEAD AGENCY: City of Paso Robles - 1000 Spring Street, Paso Robles, CA 93446

Contacts: Meg Williamson, Assistant to the City Manager

Tina Ryder, City Planner

Darren Nash, Associate Planner

PROJECT LOCATION: Downtown Paso Robles - 940 Spring Street

An approximately 1.46-acre portion of a City Block

Bounded by Spring Street on the west

10th Street on the north; Park Street on the west; and

9th Street on the south

PROJECT PROPONENT: County of San Luis Obispo, General Services Department

Mr. Mark Wilwand, Capital Projects Coordinator 1087 Santa Rosa Street, San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

LEAD AGENCY CONTACT/

INITIAL STUDY PREPARED BY: Tina Ryder, City Planner

 Telephone:
 (805) 237-3970

 Facsimile:
 (805) 237-3904

 E-Mail:
 Tryder@prcity.com

GENERAL PLAN DESIGNATION: SITE: CC (Community Commercial)

NORTH: PF (Public Facility) EAST: PF (Public Facility)

SOUTH: CC (Community Commercial)
WEST: CC (Community Commercial)

ZONING: SITE: C2 PD (Highway Commercial – Planned Development)

NORTH: C1 PD (General Commercial – Planned Development)
EAST: C2 PD (Highway Commercial – Planned Development)
SOUTH: C2 PD (Highway Commercial – Planned Development)
WEST: C2 PD (Highway Commercial – Planned Development)

2. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: New Superior Court Facility- Downtown Paso Robles

General Project Overview

The Project is the construction and operation of an approximately 22,400 square foot, two-story New Superior Court Facility ("Facility") at 940 South Spring Street in Downtown Paso Robles on an approximately 1.46-acre site. The New Facility would replace the existing Superior Court Facility at 549 10^{th} Street in Downtown Paso Robles. There are 13 on-site parking spaces in a fully secured area and 23 on-site, staff only parking spaces in an access controlled area.

The existing Superior Court Facility is inadequate to serve the current needs of the Northern Region of San Luis Obispo County. As a result, the County of San Luis Obispo retained a consultant to work with the Superior Court to develop a detailed description of the New Facility required to accommodate the existing and future Superior Court regional needs through the Year 2020.

Existing Facility and Operations

The existing Superior Court Facilities include one full courtroom with a jury box (1,100 square feet) and one hearing room (500 square feet). One judicial officer's chambers, a jury deliberation/attorney conference room, and an evidence locker/district attorney conference are housed in a permanent building (circa 1969). The support functions, including clerks' area, supervisor's office, public counter, public waiting area, computer room, file storage, and staff break area are located in the adjacent modular (the first portion of the modular was placed on the site in 1989; the second in 1994).

The courtroom operations currently consist entirely of hearings and court trials of small claims, limited civil cases, traffic matters, and misdemeanors. At this time, no jury trials, either civil or criminal, are held. Historically, jury trials were once held; however, they were discontinued due to the facility's inadequacy (the facility lacks a jury assembly room and a dedicated jury deliberation room). Small claims matters are currently heard on a regular weekly calendar and independent mediators meet with small claims litigants before the hearings. Limited civil cases of unlawful detainer are filed and heard as well, based on the geographical location of the disputed tenancy. Other limited civil matters may also be filed and heard. Further, arraignments and court trials of traffic matters and misdemeanors are heard. Defendents may be remanded; however, no matters of any kind against in-custody defendants are heard. No felony matters are heard.

There is no permanent assignment of bench officers. Rather, the officers are on circuit. The judicial officers share the chambers amongst those officers who rotate through the court.

Facility Needs Assessment

The Needs Assessment stated that there is sufficient demand to warrant maintaining the current Superior Court services and operations. After the New Facility is built, the judicial offers will initially remain on circuit. The same types of cases as were heard at the existing Facility will be heard at the New Facility. The first change envisioned is the re-introduction of jury trails for civil matters. Future operational changes could include adding family law matters to the calendar, making a permanent assignment of judicial officers, and adding jury trials for misdemeanors. At no time will there be a capacity for felony matters to be heard or for the presence of in-custody defendants other than remands in any type of case. Further, one of the courtrooms in the new Facility will be dedicated solely to civil matters.

New Facility and Operations

The New Facility has two floors and a total square footage of approximately 22,402 square feet (gross).

The Schematic Floor Plan for the Ground Level includes the following:

Public Areas Public Counter

> Public Lobby Vending Area

Public Self Help Area

Limited Access Areas Jury Assembly Room 923 square feet

> Three Visiting Offices 125 square feet/office

> Mediator's Office 150 square feet 150 square feet Mediator's Conference Room 160 square feet Child Waiting Room Jury Commissioner's Office 100 square feet Secure Counter 100 square feet Clerk's Area 1900 square feet 100 square feet Supervisor's Office Two Conference Rooms 150 square feet/room 500 square feet

Storage, Filing, Reproduction, Printing

And Printing Areas 300 square feet Restrooms 400 square feet 350 square feet Sallyport/Loading Dock 120 square feet Boiler/Compressors Women's & Men's Changing Areas, and Lockers 400 square feet

Weapons/Tool Storage 100 square feet

The Schematic Floor Plan for the Second Level includes the following:

Staff Break Room

Public Areas Public Lobby

Limited Access Areas Courtrooms (2) No square footage provided

> Judges Offices (2) No square footage provided Conference/Jury Rooms (2) No square footage provided Attorney Conference Rooms (2) No square footage provided Attorney Research Area No square footage provided No square footage provided Attorney Interview Rooms (2) Holding Area No square footage provided Witness Waiting Room No square footage provided Sheriff's Office No square footage provided No square footage provided Clerk's Office No square footage provided **Communications Room** No square footage provided Filing Area

Building Orientation and Site Layout

The New Facility is located at the northeastern corner of the site. The front entrance and building façade is oriented diagonal to the intersection of 10^{th} and Park Street. This orientation essentially mirrors that of the Public Safety Center located immediately to the east, across Park Street. The main entrance to the Public Safety Center faces the intersection of 10^{th} and Park Street as well.

As a result of the main entrance and the building itself orientation addressing the corner of 10th and Park, the remainder of the site plan is devoted to on-site parking with the southwest corner devoted to a pedestrian path and outdoor seating area situated amongst the existing grouping of mature, heritage oak trees. Access to and from the on-site parking lot is taken directly from Spring Street. The Spring Street frontage of the Superior Court site has the same design treatment as that predominately found within the Spring Street corridor to the south with an emphasis placed on replicating the precise treatment found on both sides of Spring Street within the next block to the north. The treatment within this area serves as a transition between the newer development to the south and the main focal point/core area of the Downtown. The site plan shows a public sidewalk, themed lights, and enhanced landscaping set in front of a low brick wall (which wall and the plantings behind it serve to screen the on-site parking areas).

Architectural Style

Fraser Seiple Architects have provided the following Design Narrative for the New Facility.

"The design for the new Paso Robles Superior Court seeks to create a building that will reinforce and extend the character of the neighborhood, particularly its historic and more recent public buildings.

The building is a two-story structure, which provides a compact composition and allows a large portion of the site to be preserved as current open space and held in reserve for planned future expansion. With a two-story scheme, the building massing generates a more civic presence, relating to the adjacent public buildings and distinguishing the court from the retail and service buildings on the block.

Set back from the corner, the facility offers a generous, landscaped public plaza at the corner of Park and 10^{th} Streets. The curved façade of the building allows it to related directly to Park Street and the Public Safety Center, to 10^{th} Street, and to the corner itself, mediating the site's opposition at the middle of the City's evolving civic campus. The public corridors of the court facility face the plaza, and double height glazing offer views of people in the building, activating the public plaza and further connecting building function with the public realm.

Materials for the new court facility were carefully chosen to integrate the project into its surroundings. The front façade consists of curtain wall glazing along the curve of the building, capped by a sloped standing seam metal roof. Brick clads the north and east walls of the courtrooms. Cream-colored brick accents the building at the base and at the second floor. Clerestory windows with integral sunshading allow natural light into the courtrooms and distinguish these spaces on the exterior of the building. The south and west facades of the building are composed of complementary stucco walls, extending the theme and color of the brick facades from the more public faces of the building.

Landscaping and site improvements will also complement the building and enhance the quality of public spaces. The public plaza will be paved in concrete and interlocking pavers, repeating elements of other public spaces in the neighborhood. Seating walls will be incorporated to create planters and to allow subtle changes in elevation across the plaza. Existing oak trees will be preserved, with additional trees planted to reinforce the street edge and create a coherent landscape composition.

Valley oaks to the south of the building and live oaks along 10th Street will be preserved as prescribed by City ordinance, with additional trees planted to create a native themed, park-like setting. Pedestrian travel adjacent to existing trees will be accommodated by placement of pedestrian paths (with interlocking pavers) crossing the site, detailed to prevent damage to the root structure.

Public on-street parking, including required accessible spaces, will be provided along Park Street in the City's preferred diagonal pattern. Courts staff and secure parking for the facility are provided at the rear of the building, accessed via Spring Street.

The proposed grading scheme maintains the existing pattern of drainage to the northeast site corner. With the finished floor elevation set approximately at existing grade at the building rear, the public entrances rise about 2 ½ feet above the 10th Street/Park Street corner. This provides a visual base for the structure and the stair/ramp system separates the lobby entrance from street grade for security.

The intent of the design for the new Paso Robles Superior Court Facility is to develop a distinguished public building for the Superior Court that exhibits the dignity appropriate to a justice facility, creates generous public spaces as a community amenity, and carefully reinforces the character of the neighborhood through building placement, materials, and detailing."

The requested entitlement for the new Superior Court Facility is the development plan as set forth in Planned Development Application 03-005 involving construction and operation of an approximately 22,400 square foot two-story (36-feet high) Facility at 940 South Spring Street in Downtown Paso Robles on an approximately 1.46-acre site. The New Facility would replace the existing Superior Court Facility at 549 10th Street in Downtown Paso Robles. There are 13 on-site parking spaces in a fully secured area and 23 on-site, staff only parking spaces in an access controlled area.

3. OTHER AGENCIES WHOSE APPROVAL MAY BE REQUIRED (For example, financing approval, issuance of permits, or participation agreement):

Financing Approval - Superior Court of California, County of San Luis Obispo Financing Approval
Life Safety Review/Approval of Construction Documents - County of San Luis Obispo
Notice of Final Completion (Acceptance of Facility & Site Improvements) - County of San Luis Obispo

4. EARLIER ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS AND RELATED ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION:

This Initial Study incorporates by reference the Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the Land Use and Circulation Element Update of the Paso Robles General Plan (SCH#89032917) as certified by the City Council on August 6, 1991 with adoption of Resolution No. 91-99. The EIR authorizes development of the land uses envisioned in the General Plan, including continued revitalization of the Downtown focusing on its development as a specialty retail, government, office, cultural, conference, and entertainment center of the City and North County region.

Certification of the Final EIR for the General Plan Update included the following:

- ✓ Findings of Fact Regarding the Project's Environmental Effects;
- ✓ Adoption of a Mitigation Monitoring Plan/Program;
- ✓ Findings of Fact Concerning Alternatives; and
- ✓ A Statement of Overriding Considerations.

Development in accordance with the General Plan Update was found as potentially being capable of having certain unavoidable and irreversible impacts (which impacts could not be mitigated to less than a significant level by reasonable means) as follows:

- A. Loss of prime agricultural soils and agricultural preserves to urban development;
- B. Incompatibility with County and Local Agency Formation Commission land use policies;
- C. Up to five intersections operating below the City's desire Level of Service Standard "C" should the City grow beyond a population of 35,000 over a period of more than 20-years (Year 2010);
- D. Increased regional air emissions which would be in excess of federal and state ambient air quality standards for carbon monoxide;
- E. Increased demand for wastewater treatment capacity from the present 4.9 MGD capacity to 9.9 MGD:
- F. Unavoidable increases in noise of more than 5 dB as a result of increases in traffic volumes; and,
- G. More water will be used than will be replenished into the groundwater table.

Certification of the Final EIR included findings for the unavoidable and irreversible impacts (which impacts were determined to be acceptable due to overriding considerations related to the social and economic benefits to the community), and establishment of a comprehensive City program for mitigating the potential impacts associated with development of the subject properties within the City, including the Downtown area. Most notably, the City is involved and committed to addressing the long-term traffic and circulation needs of the Downtown, and is doing so separate from individual project level reviews. Per the City's adopted Downtown Parking and Circulation Analysis and Action Plan, there are specific action items to be implemented in order to ensure creation of additional public parking for the Downtown. Since the new Facility is a key component of the City's revitalization efforts as expressed in the General Plan and Economic Strategy, its cumulative traffic and circulation impacts are addressed on a more comprehensive basis in the City's Action Plan and, therefore, are not a part of this Initial Study.

5. CONTEXT OF ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS FOR THE PROJECT:

This Initial Study relies on the expert opinion supported by the facts, technical studies, and technical appendices of:

- The Final EIR for the General Plan Update;
- The Downtown Parking and Circulation Action Plan and Mitigated Negative Declaration; and,
- The Project-specific Reports, Assessments, and Studies included in the Appendix of this Initial Study.

These above-referenced documents are incorporated herein by reference. They provide substantial evidence to document the basis upon which the City has arrived at its environmental determination that:

- A. The previously prepared Final EIR together with the Downtown Parking and Circulation Action Plan and the Project-specific Reports, Assessments, and Studies prepared adequately analyze the new Facility currently under review in this Initial Study with respect to the following environmental issue areas:
 - Land use compatibility;
 - Population & housing,
 - Geological problems,
 - Water,
 - Air quality,
 - Energy and mineral resources,
 - Hazards,
 - Noise,
 - Public services,
 - Utilities and service systems,
 - Cultural resources.
 - Recreation, and
 - Mandatory findings of significance.

The following environmental issue areas require further project specific review in this Initial Study: Transportation/Circulation; Biological Resources; and Aesthetics.

6. PURPOSES OF AN INITIAL STUDY

The purposes of an Initial Study for a Development Project Application are:

- A. To provide the City with sufficient information and analysis to use as the basis for deciding whether to prepare an Environmental Impact Report (EIR), a Mitigated Negative Declaration, or a Negative Declaration for a site specific development project proposal;
- B. To enable the Applicant of a site specific development project proposal or the City as the lead agency to modify a project, mitigating potential adverse impacts as part of the project design so as to avoid the need to prepare an Environmental Impact Report, thereby enabling the proposed Project to qualify for issuance of a Negative Declaration or a Mitigated Negative Declaration;
- C. To facilitate environmental assessment early in the design of a project;
- D. To eliminate unnecessary EIRs;
- E. To explain the reasons for determining that potentially significant effects would not be significant;
- F. To determine if a previously prepared EIR could be used for the project;
- G. To assist in the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report if one is required; and
- H. To provide documentation of the factual basis for the finding of no significant effect as set forth in a Negative Declaration or a Mitigated Negative Declaration prepared for the a project.

7. EXPLANATION OF ANSWERS FOUND ON THE ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

A. Scope of Environmental Review

The areas of potential environmental effects are limited to a review of three (3) environmental issue areas: 1) Traffic and Circulation, 2) Biological Resources, and 3) Aesthetics.

The limitation of the scope of the environmental analysis presented in this Initial Study for the new Facility is due to the City's reliance on the facts, technical studies, and appendices of the General Plan Update EIR, the Downtown Parking and Circulation Analysis and Action Plan, and the Project-specific studies, reports, and assessments. Further, the limitation is based on imposition of the standard Conditions of Approval to be satisfied. Each area of potential environmental effect is discussed in further detail in this Initial Study.

B. Evaluation of Environmental Impacts

- 1. A brief explanation is provided for all answers to the questions presented on the Environmental Checklist Form, except where the answer is marked as "No Impact." The "No Impact" answers are adequately supported by the information sources referenced in this Initial Study, the sources cited in the parentheses following each question, or as otherwise explained in the introductory remarks. The basis for the "No Impact" answers on the following Environmental Checklist Form is explained in further detail in this Initial Study in Section 9 (Earlier Environmental Analysis and Related Environmental Documentation) and Section 10 (Context of Environmental Analysis for the Project).
- 2. All answers on the Environmental Checklist Form take into account the whole action involved with the project, including implementation. The answers provided address on-site, off-site, and cumulative impacts, as well as project-level direct, indirect, construction0-related, and operational impacts.
- 3. "Potentially Significant Impact" applies if an effect is significant or potentially significant, or if the City lacks information to make a finding of insignificance. If the Project could have one or more impacts marked as "Potentially Significant", an Environmental Impact Report will be required.
- 4. Potentially Significant Impact Unless Mitigated" is checked whenever the potential impacts have been reduced to acceptable levels as a result of incorporating specified mitigation measures into the project design
- 5. Earlier analyses is used where an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR, mitigated negative declaration, or negative declaration. See Section 4 (Earlier Environmental Analysis and Related Environmental Documentation) and Section 11 (Earlier Analysis and Background Materials) of this Initial Study.
- 6. References to the information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances) have been incorporated into the Environmental Checklist Form. See Section 11 (Earlier Analysis and Related Environmental Documentation). Other sources used or individuals contacted are cited where appropriate.
- 7. The Environmental Checklist Form is similar to the one contained in Title 14, California Code of Regulations; with some modifications to reflect the City's needs and requirements.
- 8. Standard Conditions of Approval: The City imposes standard Conditions of Approval. These Conditions are considered to be components of, and/or modifications, to the Project. They reduce or minimize environmental impacts to a level of insignificance. Because they are considered part of the Project, they have not been identified as mitigation measures. For the readers' information, the standard conditions identified in this Initial Study are available for review at the Community Development Department.
- 9. Certification Statement: The statements made in this Initial Study and those made in the documents referenced herein present the data and information that are required to satisfy the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Statutes and Guidelines, as well as the City's Procedures for Implementing CEQA. Further, the facts, statements, information, and analysis presented are true and correct in accordance with standard business practices of qualified professionals with expertise in the development review process, including building, planning, and engineering.

8. ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The proposed new Facility ma	ly potentially affect the environments	ai factors checked below:			
☐ Land Use & Planning	☑ Transportation/Circulation	☐ Public Services			
☐ Population & Housing	☑ Biological Resources	☐ Utilities & Service System	ıs		
☐ Geological Problems	☐ Energy & Mineral Resources	☑ Aesthetics			
☐ Water	☐ Hazards	☐ Cultural Resources			
☐ Air Quality	□ Noise	☐ Recreation			
	☐ Mandatory Findings of Signific	cance			
ENVIRONMENTAL DETE	RMINATION: On the basis of this in	nitial evaluation: I find that:			
The proposed project would not	The proposed project would not have a significant effect on the environment.				
Therefore, a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.					
Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because the mitigation measures described on Page 27 of this Initial Study have been added to the project.					
Therefore, a MITIGATED NE	GATIVE DECLARATION will be pro	epared.			
The proposed project may have	a significant effect on the environment.				
Therefore an ENVIRONMEN	ΓAL IMPACT REPORT is required.				
The proposed project may have a significant effect(s) on the environment, but one or more effects (1) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (2) have been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets.					
	Therefore, an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it will analyze only the effect or effects that remain to be addressed.				
Signature:	Date:				
	June 9, 2003				
Tina Ryder, City Planner					

Significant **Potentially** Unless Less Than Significant Mitigation Significant ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources): *Impact* Incorporated **Impact** No Impact I. LAND USE AND PLANNING. Would the Proposal: a) Conflict with general plan designation or zoning? (Sources: П \square 5, 6, 7, 8, 10) Discussion: The General Plan land use designation for the site is CC (Community Commercial) and the Zoning is C2 PD (Highway Commercial - Planned Development). Both the General Plan and Zoning permit Public Facilities as a matter of right, subject to approval of a development plan application by the Planning Commission. No modification to the general plan or zoning for the site is necessary to accommodate the proposed uses. However, development plan approval must be obtained before any physical development of the site may occur as set forth in Chapter 21.16A, Planned Development District of Title 21 (Zoning) of the Paso Robles Municipal Code), and as further required in the executed long-term ground lease between the City of El Paso de Robles and the County of San Luis Obispo. b) Conflict with applicable environmental plans or policies \square adopted by agencies with jurisdiction over the project? (Sources: 5, 6, 7, 8, 9) Discussion: The City of El Paso de Robles is the lead agency with jurisdiction over the environmental review and development plan application for the new Facility. The City's General Plan and its Environmental Impact Report, the Downtown Parking and Circulation Analysis and Action Plan, the Economic Strategy, and the City's Zoning Ordinance all contain policies and mitigation measures that address development of this site and continued revitalization of the Downtown focusing on maintaining and enhancing it as the specialty retail, government, office, cultural, conference, and entertainment center of the City and North County region. The project does not conflict with any of these adopted plans and documents. Be incompatible with existing land use in the vicinity? \square (Sources: 5, 6, 7, 8) Discussion: The project is located adjacent to the Library/City Hall and the Public Safety Center. The proposed uses of the new Facility are consistent with the General Plan, the Downtown Parking and Circulation Analysis and Action Plan, and the Economic Strategy, as well as compatible with the established government, public service, and retail uses in the vicinity. The new Facility would become part of the civic campus in the area. As such, it is compatible with the surrounding land uses. Project-specific analysis of the traffic, biological, and aesthetics/light and glare potential effects associated with the new Facility are reviewed in detail in Sections VI (Transportation), VII (Biological Resources), and XIII (Aesthetics) of this Initial Study. As set forth therein, there are no compatibility concerns. d) Affect agricultural resources or operations (e.g., impacts to П \square soils or farmlands, or impacts from incompatible uses)? (Sources: 5, 6, 7, 8) Discussion: The site is located within an urbanized area and is an infill project. The site is not identified as Prime, Unique, or Farmland of Statewide Importance on the maps prepared by the California Resources Agency. Therefore, the Project would not have any affect on agricultural resources or production. e) Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established \square community (including a low-income or minority community)? (Sources: 5, 6, 7, 8, 10)

Potentially

Discussion: The project site is located in the designated "historic" downtown area of the City and is being built on a portion of the City block area bounded by Spring Street on the west, 10th Street on the north; Park Street on the west; and 9th Street on the south. Development of the new Facility at this location would not alter existing circulation and/or

Potentially Unless
Significant Mitigation
Impact Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

connections within the vicinity. Therefore, it would not negatively impact the physical arrangement of the established community.

TT	DO	NOTIFICATION AND HOUGING					
11.	PC	PULATION AND HOUSING. Would the proposal:					
	a)	Cumulatively exceed official regional or local population projections? (Sources: 5, 6)				$\overline{\checkmark}$	
	Discussion: This project does not include a residential component and therefore does not have the ability to exceed population projections for this area.						
	b)	Induce substantial growth in an area either directly or indirectly (e.g., through projects in an undeveloped area or extension of major infrastructure)? (Sources: 5, 6)					
		Discussion: The project replaces an existing Superior Coureplaces an existing Facility that is inadequate to serve the nois not a new Facility per se (because it replaces an existing would not be any growth inducing effects either directly or in	eeds of the comm goutdated Facilit	unity and the N	North county re	gion. Since it	
	c)	Displace existing housing, especially affordable housing? (Sources: 5, 6)				V	
		Discussion: There is no existing residential housing on this therefore this project will not be displacing any dwelling unit			ned for a reside	ential use, and	
Ш		EOLOGIC PROBLEMS. Would the proposal result in expose people to potential impacts involving:					
	a)	Fault rupture? (Sources: 5, 7, 12)			\checkmark		
	Discussion: There are no known active faults traversing the site. However, the site is situated is an area where there three (3) known active faults: the Hosgri, the San Andreas, and the Rinconada. The Geologic/Seismic Hazards Report Earth Systems Pacific state that "the potential for surface ground rupture to occur within the site is considered to be low No site specific recommendations were identified						
	b)	Seismic ground shaking? (Sources: 5, 7, 12)			\checkmark		
		Discussion: According to the Geologic/Seismic Hazards Rep	port, "the project	site is located	in a region of g	generally high	

Discussion: According to the Geologic/Seismic Hazards Report, "the project site is located in a region of generally high seismicity. According to the 1998 edition of the California Building Code, Chapter 16, Figure 16A-2, the site lies within Seismic zone 4, the most active seismic zone rated. The site has the potential to experience strong ground shaking from earthquakes on regional and/or local causative faults. To characterize the seismicity at the site, a seismic analysis was performed." A probabilistic seismic hazard analysis; as performed by Earth Systems Pacific indicates that the seismic ground shaking potential at the site has a 10% chance of exceeding an upper bound limit within a return period of approximately 949 years with an estimated peak spectral acceleration of 1.30g @ 0.26 seconds and a peak ground acceleration of 0.47g.

The information, findings, and design specifications of the Geologic/Seismic Hazards Report will be used as the basis for the structural engineering of the new Facility. The Report states that "for design purposes, it appears the deaggregation would suggest that an event with a moment magnitude pf 7.0 at a distance of less than 10 km (less than 6 miles) should be

Potentially Significant Impact

Unless Less Than Mitigation Significant Incorporated Impact

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

	used with the Upper Bound Earthquake peak ground acceleration (of about 36 km (22 miles) should be used with the Design Basi integrity is to be demonstrated as part of the construction documen by the County of San Luis Obispo.	s Earthquake I	PGA." This de	esign level of	structural	
c)	Seismic ground failure, including liquefaction? (Sources: 5, 7, 12)			$\overline{\checkmark}$		
	Discussion: As noted in the above discussion/response to Section I low. Similarly, the soils underlying the site were found to have Hazards Report). Additionally, the Facility location is far enou precluding the possibility of earthquake induced land sliding.	a low potential	for liquefactio	n (see Geologi	ic/Seismic	
d)	Seishi, tsunami, or volcanic hazard? (Sources: 5, 7, 12)				$\overline{\checkmark}$	
Discussion: The project site is not located in an area identified at risk for Seishi, tsunami, or volcanic hazards.						
e)	Landslides or Mudflows? (Sources: 5, 7, 12)				\checkmark	
	Discussion: The proposed site is relatively flat with no slopes seismically induced land sliding is considered to be non-existent.	immediately	adjacent. The	refore, the pot	tential for	
f)	Erosion, changes in topography or unstable soil conditions from excavation, grading, or fill? (Sources: 5, 7, 12)				V	
	Discussion: The project will involve engineered grading that will result in minor changes in topography. Grading will be subject to professional standards, conditions, and requirements per the Uniform Building Code and the City of El Paso de Robles Standard Specifications and Details. Both the City and the County will review/approve the construction drawings as to compliance with the above-referenced standards, conditions, and requirements, thereby ensuring that the soil conditions will be suitable for the new Facility and site improvements.					
	The Soils Engineering Report by Earth Systems Pacific will be used as a basis for the construction drawings. The Report identifies those items to be addressed in the design and subsequent construction of the Facility and site improvements. Conformance with recommendations therein is to be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the City and the County during the review/approval of the construction drawings. An erosion control plan also is to be prepared and filed with the City and the County prior to initiation of the grading and facility construction activities.					
g)	Subsidence of the land? (Sources: 5, 7, 12)					
	Discussion: The potential for seismically induced settlement is low considered to be capable of supporting the structure. Conventional slabs-on-grade are anticipated to be appropriate.				rete	
h)	Expansive soils? (Sources: 5, 7, 12)			$\overline{\checkmark}$		

Discussion: Per the Soils Engineering Report, "the upper 6-inches of the soil was found to consist of well graded sand with gravel. Underlying the fill and throughout the full depth explored, older alluvium consisting of inter-layered clayey

Potentially Unless Less Than Significant Mitigation Significant Impact Incorporated Impact

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

sand with gravel, well graded sand with varying percentages of gravel, sandy silt, and poorly graded sand." In the conclusions section of the Report, it was stated that "the site is suitable, from a soils engineering standpoint, provided the recommendations contained herein are implemented in the design and construction" of the new Facility and related site the

	improvements. Conformance with recommendations therein is County during the review/approval of the construction drawings.				
i)	Unique geologic or physical features? (Sources: 5, 7, 12)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: The site contains no unique geologic or physical feat modification to the site.	tures. No im	pact is anticipat	ed as a result of	f this grading
IV. W	ATER. Would the proposal result in:				
a)	Changes in absorption rates, drainage patterns, or the rate and amount of surface runoff? (Sources: 14)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: The proposed improvements will nominally increasing storm water runoff. A preliminary grading and drainage been prepared as part of the project's overall site design. The pattern, discharge from the site through new drainage structures, existing gutter as appropriate. No significant adverse impacts are	ge plan along storm wate tied to the ex	g with prelimina r will be conve	ry drainage cal eyed to the exi	culations have sting drainage
b)	Exposure of people or property to water related hazards such as flooding? (Sources: 5, 7, 11, 12, 14)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: The subject property is located within a Zone B floor zones as defined by FEMA maps. The potential for flooding significant.				•
c)	Discharge into surface waters or other alteration of surface water quality (e.g., temperature, dissolved oxygen or turbidity)? (Sources: 14)				
	Discussion: On-site surface water collection, filtration, and conveadverse impacts are anticipated.	eyance syste	ms will be provi	ded as appropr	iate. No
d)	Changes in the amount of surface water in any water body? (Sources: 5, 7, 14)				
	Discussion: As per Section IVa, the volume of runoff resul watershed. No adverse impacts are anticipated.	ts in a relat	ively small inc	rease to the ov	verall existing
e)	Changes in currents, or the course or direction of water movement? (Sources: 5, 7, 14)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: The site development maintains the existing direction system. Since there is no change being made, no impact is anticipated to the control of th		nnelized water f	low to the city s	storm drain
f)	Change in the quantity of ground waters, either through direct additions or withdrawals, or through interception of an aquifer by cuts or excavations or through substantial loss of				

Potentially Unless Less Th Significant Mitigation Signific Impact Incorporated Impact

Less Than
Significant
Impact No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

V.

15)

	groundwater recharge capability? (Sources: 5, 7, 14)				
	Discussion: The day-to-day water usage of the new Facility is do the City's water system. No adverse impacts are anticipated.	omestic in na	ture, and this us	age can be acco	ommodated by
g)	Altered direction or rate of flow of groundwater? (Sources: 5, 7, 12, 14)				V
	Discussion: Development of the new Facility Project will not mowells or other subsurface diversions are proposed. No impact is a		ection or rate of	flow of ground	water; no
h)	Impacts to groundwater quality? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 14)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: There will not be any substantial impact to groun operation. No hazardous materials will be used or stored on site the building as set forth in the Uniform Building and Fire Codes.	e beyond the	limited quantit	ies that may be	stored within
i)	Substantial reduction in the amount of groundwater otherwise available for public water supplies? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 14)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: Development and operation of the new Facility will	not affect ex	isting groundwa	ater resources.	
ΑI	R QUALITY. Would the proposal:				
a)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation? (Sources: 3, 5, 7, 8, 9)				
	Discussion: Development and operation of the new Facility is Control District (APCD). The APCD sets and enforces regulation				Air Pollution
	The type and scope of the new Facility is below the screening whether or not a more refined analysis of air quality impacts sp scope of the new Facility does not exceed the screening threshold overall affect on the ambient air quality is considered to be negligible.	ecific to a g	given project is	required. Since	e the type and
	Short-term deterioration of local ambient air quality may occur emissions and dust. Emissions are expected from gasoline and dust generation associated with earth moving activities. Grading months. With the implementation of the standard Project Con measures to minimize creation of fugitive dust and other emission adverse air quality impacts are anticipated.	iesel-powere gactivities and ditions of A	d grading and pre expected to large	aving equipments ast approximate ng implementan	nt and fugitive ly two to four tion of APCD
b)	Expose sensitive receptors to pollutants? (Sources: 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12)				\checkmark
	Discussion: The land uses surrounding the Project site include of these types of land uses are classified as sensitive receptors. T (such as day care, schools, or elderly care facilities) in the vicinity anticipated to have any deleterious effects on the ambient air quaexpose sensitive receptors to pollutants.	here are no e ty. Develop	existing or planr ment and operat	ned for sensitive tion of the new	receptor sites Facility is not
c)	Alter air movement, moisture, or temperature? (Sources 2 &				$\overline{\checkmark}$

Potentially Significant Potentially Unless

Significant Mitigation
Impact Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

Discussion: By reason of the type and scale of the proposed new Facility, neither its construction, nor its operation would not alter air movement, moisture, or temperatures, or cause any change in climatic conditions. The Project includes installation of permanent irrigated landscaping, which will not have any appreciable affect on air movement, moisture, or temperature.

d) Create objectionable odors? (Sources: 2, 3)

Discussion: Normal operation of the new Facility is not anticipated to create objectionable odors.

VI. TRANSPORTATION/CIRCULATION. Would the

proposal result in:

Discussion: This Initial Study relies on the expert opinion of registered professional engineers with an expertise in the review and evaluation of traffic generation from new Facilities and the effect of the traffic on the circulation system.

These professionals have provided the City with their findings and recommendations (as supported by facts, technical studies, and analysis contained in the Final EIR for the General Plan Update; the Downtown Parking and Circulation Action Plan and Mitigated Negative Declaration; and, the Project-specific Traffic and Circulation Study by Associated Transportation Engineers (ATE) for the new Facility.

Certification of the Final EIR included establishment of a comprehensive Citywide program for mitigating the potential impacts associated with development, including the Downtown area. Most notably, the City is involved and committed to addressing the long-term traffic and circulation needs of the Downtown, and is doing so separate from individual project level reviews.

Per the City's adopted Downtown Parking and Circulation Analysis and Action Plan, there are specific action items to be implemented over the next 10-years in order address the existing and projected parking and circulation needs. The new Facility is a key component of the City's revitalization efforts as expressed in the Paso Robles General Plan and Economic Strategy. The cumulative traffic and circulation impacts associated with the new Facility have been addressed on a more comprehensive basis in the City's Downtown Parking and Action Plan. The City's Action Plan contains a list of actions to be taken in order to create an additional 100-spaces in the short-term (2002-2005), an additional 350-spaces within the mid-term (2006-2009), and an additional 550-spaces by 2010 and beyond.

Per the Project-specific Traffic and Circulation Study prepared by ATE

"The new Facility is expected to generate 568 Average Daily Trips (ADT), with 51 trips during the AM peak hour and 65 trips during the PM peak hour. The Spring Street/10th Street intersection is forecasted to continue to operate at Level of Service "A" during the AM and PM peak hour periods with project traffic; and the Spring Street/6th Street intersection is forecasted to continue to operate at Level of Service "B" during the AM and PM peak hour periods with project traffic.

Spring Street would provide direct access to the site via the one project driveway. The project driveway on Spring Street is located approximately 190 feet south of 10th Street and approximately 130 feet north of 9th Street. Spring Street has one lane in each direction plus a two-way median left-turn lane.

The Existing + Project queue lengths for northbound Spring Street left-turns onto westbound 10th Street are forecasted at 1 to 2 vehicles (average and maximum) during the AM and PM peak hour periods. The Existing + Project queue lengths

Potentially Unless Less Than Significant Mitigation Significant Impact Incorporated Impact

Significant
Impact No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

for the northbound Spring Street through movement at 10th Street are forecasted at 2 to 8 vehicles (average and maximum) during the AM and PM peak hour periods. The northbound queues that form at the Spring Street/10th Street intersection have adequate storage and would not significantly affect traffic movement to/from the project driveway and the driveway movements would not significantly affect the traffic movements at the Spring Street/10th Street intersection. The delays for vehicles entering and exiting the site are in the 10-20 second range, indicating the adequate gaps in the Spring Street traffic streams are available for project traffic. The delays for vehicles entering and exiting the site equate to Level of Service A-B.

The 1.46-acre site is zoned C2-PD (Highway Commercial – Planned Development) with a General Plan Designation of CC (Community Commercial). Commercial uses are allowed within this zoning. If the site were developed with 22,720 square feet of retail, it would generate 923 ADT, which is more than the 568 ADT that is anticipated to be generated by the proposed Superior Court. The City's Circulation Element of the General Plan and accompanying street improvement programs were developed assuming commercial uses would be developed on the site. Since the proposed Superior Court would generate less traffic than was analyzed in the Circulation Element, it would not trigger the need for additional street improvements with cumulative traffic."

Further, since the new Facility is replacing an existing one already located in the Downtown, it is reasonable to suggest that some (if not the majority) of the traffic associated with operation of the Superior Court is currently a part of the background traffic levels. If this perspective were taken, it is foreseeable that an argument could be made that there is no little or no impact since there would not be any increased vehicle trips or traffic congestion resulting from Facility relocation.

A more conservative approach has been taken.

The Downtown Parking and Circulation Analysis and Action Plan was completed and approved by the City at the conclusion of its public hearing on October 29, 2002. This document specifically reviewed and evaluated the impacts of planned development in the Downtown in accordance with the General Plan land uses and zoning. The new Facility was included in the Analysis and was reviewed as to its effect on: a) parking supply and demand; and b) the existing circulation system. As a result of planned development, including the new Facility, an Action Plan was adopted by the City Council calling for the creation of an additional 100 parking spaces by the Year 2005, an additional 350 parking spaces by the Year 2009, and an additional 550 parking spaces after the Year 2010.

Subsequent to the Downtown Parking and Circulation Analysis and Action Plan completion, ATE was retained to prepare a Project-specific Traffic and Circulation Study. This Study confirmed that no additional street improvements besides the planned and programmed improvements would be required. Rather, the Project would be responsible for:

- 1. Park Street Constructing curb, gutter, and sidewalk on Park Street in accordance with the design standards for this block as established with development of the Public Safety/Emergency Services Center. The curb face on the west side of Park Street shall be 24-feet west of the existing curb line established with development of the Public Safety/Emergency Services Center on the east side of Park Street. Parking will not be provided in the critical root zone of the oak trees. Sidewalk will be constructed or waived as part of the Planning Commission's action on the Planned Development application.
- 2. 9th Street Constructing the curb, gutter, and sidewalk on 9th Street in accordance with the City West Side Standard A-12 along the frontage of the project site. Angled parking shall be designed and installed along the 9th Street frontage of the project site. The angled parking shall be designed so that it does not interfere with the existing 9th Street curb alignment. The design of sidewalk shall be at the discretion of the Planning Commission as part of its action on the Planned Development. The existing paving on 9th Street shall be overlaid to centerline to restore a smooth riding surface over utility trenching.
- 3. Spring Street Constructing .the curb, gutter, and sidewalk on Spring Street in accordance with City Arterial Standard A-2 and the Spring Street Master Plan along the frontage of the project site.

Potentially Significant *Impact*

Unless Mitigation Incorporated Less Than

Significant

Impact

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

- 10th Street Constructing the curb, gutter, and sidewalk on 10th Street in accordance with the design standards 4. established for 10th Street with development of the Public Safety/Emergency Services Center. The existing paving on 10th Street shall be overlaid to centerline to restore a smooth riding surface over utility trenching.
- Interlocking, concrete paver crosswalks shall be constructed across Park Street at 9th Street and 10th Street and 5. across 10th Street at Park Street.

This Study further confirmed that use of the 7 additional, angled parking spaces to be provided within the Park Street right-of-way and the 5 additional, angled public parking spaces provided within the 9th Street right-of-way would not create congestion.

No additional mitigation measures are required besides those listed in the above discussion, which measures are incorporated into the project design.

b)	Hazards to safety from design features (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)? (Sources: 2, 3, 20)			$\overline{\checkmark}$	
	Discussion: Spring Street would provide direct access to the sit Spring Street is located approximately 190 feet south of 10 th Street has one lane in each direction plus a two-way median lenot identify any hazards to safety from design features. Rather, Street/10 th Street intersection have adequate storage and would project driveway and the driveway movements would not si Street/10 th Street intersection. The general public will have not be set to the site of the s	eet and approx ft-turn lane. ' it found the' d not signific gnificantly a	kimately 130 fe The ATE Traffi "northbound qu antly affect tra ffect the traffic	et north of 9 th S ic and Circulation leues that form offic movements a movements a	treet. Spring on Study did at the Spring s to/from the
c)	Inadequate emergency access or inadequate access to nearby uses? (Sources: 2, 3, 5)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: The relocation of the new Facility will improve the this use since the Public Safety Center is located across the inadequate access to nearby uses that are anticipated to occurrently.	street. Ther	re are no impa	cts to emergen	cy access or
d)	Insufficient parking capacity on-site or off-site? (Sources: 2, 3, 6, 10)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: The City's Zoning Code does not contain a spe		-	-	•

Rather, the City' Zoning Code requires that off-site parking in the Downtown be provided at a rate of one space per 1,750 square feet of site area.

The site is approximately 63,597.60 square feet. Therefore, the required amount of on-site parking is 36-spaces. 36spaces have been provided on-site.

Additionally, on-street parking is available in the vicinity of the new Facility, and the street improvements to be installed as a Condition of Approval for the Planned Development application add a total of 12-additional, angled parking spaces along the Park Street and 9th Street frontages of the project site.

A total of 1,976 parking spaces on-street and off-street public parking spaces within close proximity to the new Facility as identified in the Downtown Parking and Circulation Analysis and Action Plan (See Table 7 – Existing and Further Parking Demand Estimates for Analysis Zones I, III, and IV). Further, there are approximately 820 off-street parking

Potentially Significant tentially Unless

Potentially Unless Less Than Significant Mitigation Significant Impact Incorporated Impact

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

spaces within a one-block radius per a field investigation conducted by City staff (see attached Map).

Further, as part of the City's on-going implementation of the Downtown Parking and Circulation Analysis and Action Plan, the City has committed to making financing available to move forward with a capital improvement project to create an additional 79 parking spaces surrounding all four sides of Robbins Field, which Field is located within two blocks of the new Facility at southwest corner of Park and 7th Streets.

The Judicial Council of California has published <u>Facilities Guidelines for Superior Court Facilities</u> ("Guidelines"). The Guidelines provide that:

"Court facilities must be accessible to those who use them. Court planners should consider the feasibility of providing parking and the availability of public transportation. If at all possible, parking should be provided near the courthouse for users, visitors, staff, justices and official vehicles. In areas where an appropriate public parking structure is not nearby and cannot be constructed, the court should be sited within easy access of public transportation. In such cases, a small parking facility should be considered in or near the court facility for the justices and some staff. If public parking can be provided, parking requirements should be calculated in consideration of 1) the number of users and visitors expected each day; 2) the number of staff to be employed at the facility; and, 3) the average number of official vehicles found at the courthouse each day."

Using the Guidelines, it would seem appropriate for the City and the County to work together on establishment of a parking and traffic management plan.

6. The parking and traffic management plan (Plan) would provide for effective use of the available public transportation at the Downtown Transit Center (Southwest corner of 8th and Pine Streets), available and planned public parking facilities (Both street and off-street spaces), and other management measures to the satisfaction of the City Council and the County of San Luis Obispo. The purpose and intent of the Plan would be to ensure that: a) the Court facilities are accessible to those who use them, b) the number of users and visitors expected each day at the Court facility would not displace others who are working, visiting, shopping, or otherwise availing themselves of the government, office, cultural, conference, dining, entertainment, and specialty retail shops and services located in the Downtown, and c) the Court directs its jurors to use the transportation and parking facilities identified in the adopted Plan.

With incorporation of this mitigation measure into the project as a Condition of Approval (which Condition is to be satisfied prior to use and occupancy of the new Facility), there would not be an insufficient supply of available parking.

Hazards or barriers for pedestrians or bicyclists? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 9)		$\overline{\checkmark}$	

Discussion: In the short term, during project construction, there is expected to be disruption to pedestrian and bicycle travel adjacent to the project as a result of grading and construction activity. However, the combined grading and construction is anticipated to last approximately 12 to 15 months at which point normal access would resume. The project would be required to devise a traffic control plan for approval by the Public Works Department prior to start of construction. This plan would address any interim circulation safety needs during construction to minimize potential hazards through signing and detours if necessary. This standard requirement along with the short duration of the impact would make this a less than significant project impact.

There is an existing Class III Bikeway along 10th Street (non-marked, within the street). This bikeway will remain and is not anticipated to be affected by the public project and its operations. Because bicyclists and pedestrians are required to adhere to the same "rules of the road" as vehicles, there may be the need for bikes and pedestrians to heed the apparatus responding on alarm and experience an interruption in the flow of their travel. This interruption would be no

Potentially Significant **Potentially** Unless Significant Mitigation

Incorporated

Less Than Significant **Impact**

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

different than responding to a vehicle under alarm at other locations.

There is no sidewalk along the 10th Street, Park Street, and 9th Street frontages of the project site at this time. There is sidewalk along the Spring Street frontage.

Impact

Sidewalks will be provided: a) along the 10th Street frontage, b) along the Park Street frontage, a distance of de to

	approximately 210 lineal feet south from the point of beginning Street frontage. A pedestrian pathway will be provided at the to access to the corner of Park/9 th Street intersection and will propedestrians are anticipated.	ermination o	of the Park Stree	t sidewalk and	will provide
f)	Conflicts with adopted policies supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)? (Sources: 5, 7, 9)				
	Discussion: Fixed route and demand responsive services (servicurently existing in Paso Robles through Central Coast Area Tra oversees and operates the bus service routes. There is no fixed routes are planned. An existing transportation stop is located all one-block walking distance from the site. The relatively close as for adequate access to public transit. There are no conflicts services as a result of development and operation of the new Fasis an opportunity to investigate and implement use of alternative automobile.	ansit (CCAT d route that ong Spring a ccess to bus with existin cility. Per th). The San Luis services the site Street in front of service stop at t g and/or planne he above-listed n	Regional Tran e at this time a f Library/City the Library/City d alternative t mitigation meas	asit Authority and no future Hall within a y Hall allows ransportation sure #5, there
g)	Rail, waterborne or air traffic impacts? (Sources: 5, 7, 9) Discussion: No impact due to the location of the project site.				
	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the proposal esult in impacts to:				
a)	Endangered, threatened or rare species or their habitats (including but not limited to: plants, fish, insects, animals, and birds)? (Sources: 5, 7)				V
	Discussion: The City's General Plan EIR did not identify any site. Based on the site's location within an urbanized area, the leand around this site, no adverse impacts to endangered, threatened	evel of histor	ric disturbance, a	and the on-goir	ng activity on
b)	Locally designated species (e.g., heritage trees)? (Sources: 2, 4, 5, 7, 19)		$\overline{\checkmark}$		

Discussion: There are five (5) heritage oak trees located on the project site which are to be preserved pursuant to the provisions of the City's Oak Tree Ordinance. Carolyn Leach Consulting, LLC prepared a Tree Protection Report (Report) includes an assessment and evaluation of each heritage oak tree to determine the health, structural condition, potential impacts to the health of each tree that could occur as a result of the Project, and identifies tree protection requirements.

The tree protection requirements are those that are to be incorporated into the project design, the project construction phase, and the on-going site maintenance. These requirements are in addition to the standard conditions of approval and requirements to be attached to the Project to ensure compliance with the City's Oak Tree Ordinance.

7. The tree protection requirements set forth in the Tree Protection Report and the City's Oak Tree Ordinance shall be

Potentially Unless
Significant Mitigat
Impact Incorpo

Unless Less Than Mitigation Significant Incorporated Impact

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

implemented as an integral element of the project design, construction, and operation. All requirements shall be identified on the appropriate parts of the construction drawings and cross-referenced, where appropriate. The ISA certified arborist of record shall submit a written statement to the City for its files, acknowledging incorporation of the tree protection requirements into the construction drawings, listing how the project manager and construction supervisor will ensure that all workers are informed about the requirements, establishing the on-site construction monitoring program to be implemented by the ISA certified arborist, and agreeing to provide City with a final inspection report.

	inspection report.	ied arborist,	and agreeing to	provide City	with a fillar
c)	Locally designated natural communities (e.g., oak forest, coastal habitat, etc.)? (Sources: 5, 7, 19)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: Figure 4.1 of the City's General Plan (Generalized Ruderal/Disturbed. No specially designated plant communities studies.				
d)	Wetland habitat (e.g., marsh, riparian and vernal pool)? (Sources: 5, 7, 11)				V
	Discussion: This project is vacant and unimproved. According structures are present on the site; a few areas of concrete that me the property In 1951, the subject property contains several property lines. Several smaller structures are present in the centre is located in an urbanized area, and does not contain any of wetlets.	ay be old bui l long, singl tral part of th	llding footings a le-story building	re present near gs along its no	the center of orth and east
e)	Wildlife dispersal or migration corridors? (Sources: 5, 7)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: As discussed in above Section VII d (Wetland Habian infill project. There will not be any impacts to wildlife disper			I in an urbanize	d area and is
	ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES. Would he proposal:				
a)	Conflict with adopted energy conservation plans? (Sources: 5, 7)				V
	Discussion: The project as proposed does not conflict with any plans	documented 1	policies or adopt	ed energy cons	ervation
b)	Use non-renewable resource in a wasteful and inefficient manner? (Sources: 5, 7)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: Construction of the new Facility will result in However, the anticipated incremental difference in use as a result				
c)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of future value to the region and the residents of the State? (Sources: 5, 7, 11, 20)				
	Discussion: While the site is known to be a location of the unde mineral resource is anticipated.	rground sulfu	ır springs, no los	ss of any signifi	cant known

IX. HAZARDS. Would the proposal involve:

ISSU	J E ,	S (and Supporting Information Sources):	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a	ı)	A risk of accidental explosion or release of hazardous substances (including, but not limited to: oil, pesticides, chemicals or radiation)? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 16)				
		Discussion: The new Facility will not store any hazardous s	ubstances, bes	sides those norn	nally used in	the course of
b))	facility and site maintenance. Possible interference with an emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 16)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
		Discussion: The new Facility is to be located across the stree interfere with an emergency response plan or an emergency e evacuation plans for the new Facility should be filed with the Ci	vacuation rou	te. The County		
c	:)	The creation of any health hazard or potential hazards? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 16)				V
		Discussion: No adverse health hazards are anticipated to occur	as a result of o	operation of the i	new Facility.	
d	l)	Increased fire hazard in areas with flammable brush, grass, or trees? (Sources: 2, 5, 7)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
		Discussion: The existing site is not classified as a high fire haza applied to the construction of this project	ard. However,	, all normal fire _l	protection mea	asures will be
X. 1	٧C	DISE. Would the proposal result in:				
a	1)	Increases in existing noise levels? (Sources: 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 14)			\checkmark	
b)	Expose people to severe noise levels? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 13)			$\overline{\checkmark}$	
		Discussion: See above-discussion of Noise in Section X a of th	is Initial Study	y .		
u	ıpo	BLIC SERVICES. Would the proposal have an effect in, or result in a need for new or altered government services in of the following areas:				
a	ı)	Fire protection? (Sources: 5, 7)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
		cussion: Facility relocation would have an incremental, albeit m Police Protection? (Sources: 5, 7)	inor, effect on	fire protection s	ervices	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Ι	Dis	cussion: Facility relocation would have an incremental, albeit m	inor, effect on	police protectio	n.	
c	:)	Schools? (Sources: 5, 7)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
		Discussion: None. This project is not growth inducing. Ther private schools as a result of this project.	e would not b	e an increased d	lemand placed	on public or
d	l)	Maintenance of public facilities, including roads? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 8)				V

Discussion: Facility relocation would have an incremental, albeit minor, effect on maintenance of public facilities.

ISSUE	ES (and Supporting Information Sources):	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e)	Other governmental services? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 8)			\checkmark	
	Discussion: Facility relocation would not have an effect on oth	ner government	tal services.		
p	UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. Would the proposal result in a need for new systems or supplies, or substantial alterations to the following utilities:				
a)	Power or natural gas? (Sources: 5, 7, 14)				\checkmark
	Electrical power is provided by PG&E. There is adequate serv Natural gas service is provided by Southern California Gas Con		is adequate servi	ice.	
b)	Communication systems? (Sources: 5, 7)				\checkmark
	Telephone and cable services are provided by Pacific Bell and connection within the adjacent public street and service will be				or
c)	Local or regional water treatment or distribution facilities? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 8)				
	Discussion: The project is located within the city limits and ad No adverse impacts to distribution facilities will occur as a resu			lable to serve	the project.
d)	Sewer or septic tanks? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 8)			\checkmark	
	Discussion: The new Facility is designed to connect to the pub	olic sewer.			
e)	Storm water drainage? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 14)				\checkmark
	Discussion: This project is designed to drain into, provide new by the City of Paso Robles. Preliminary drainage calculations marginally increased storm runoff from this site. Final drainage grading and building permit process, at which time compliance Engineer.	show that off-s e calculations a	ite facilities will and design will b	be adequate to be required as	o handle the part of the
f)	Solid waste disposal? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 8)				\checkmark
	Discussion: The City's landfill is located on the North side of Facility is relocation within the City, the net increase in solid w				the new
g)	Local or regional water supplies? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 8)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	Discussion: No impact				
XIII. A	AESTHETICS. Would the proposal:				
a)	Affect a scenic vista or scenic highway? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 8, 17)				

Potentially Unless Less Than
Significant Mitigation Significant
Impact Incorporated Impact

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

	Discussion: The project is located in the City's Downtown Disseric vista or highway since none are located in the vicinity of			ew Facility will	I not affect a
b)	Have a demonstrable negative aesthetic effect? (Sources: 2, 15, 16, 17)			$\overline{\checkmark}$	
	Discussion: The project is located in the City's Downtown D walls/fences, lighting, and signage are subject to review and appropriate Development application.				
	Per the Design Narrative and the Concept Plans for the Building	Elevations, it is	clear that:		
	"The intent of the design for the new Paso Robles Superior Cotthe Superior Court that exhibits the dignity appropriate to a just amenity, and carefully reinforces the character of the neighborhood	tice facility, crea	ates generous pu	ablic spaces as	a community
	8. The final or substantially complete construction drawing Committee (DRC) for review and approval prior to initial opportunity to verify that the precise details are consistent.	tion of project	construction to	provide the D	RC with the
c)	Create light or glare? (Sources: 2, 3, 4, 15, 16, 17)		$\overline{\checkmark}$		
Discussion: The new Facility will introduce additional sources of light and glare which may require shi adjustment prior to use and occupancy.					
	9. The City and County will conduct a lighting level review in order to make any necessary adjustments to ensure t sources are properly shielded where appropriate, and that it	hat the illumin	ation levels are		
XIV.	CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the proposal:				
a)	Disturb paleontological resources? (Sources: 2, 5, 7)				\checkmark
	No known paleontological resources exist in this area.				
b)	Disturb archaeological resources? (Sources: 1, 2, 5, 7)				$\overline{\checkmark}$
	The Paso Robles area has been classified as territory occupied Californian populations.	by the Miguele	eno Salinan and	Obispeno Chu	ımash Native
	Past community populations have been evidenced at several portions of the surrounding county. However, the project sit incorporation. The presence of archeological resources is high and disturbance. As such, project impacts are considered less to	e has been fully hly unlikely ba	y developed in sed on the histo	the history of l	Paso Robles'
c)	Affect historical resources? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 10)				
	Discussion: There are no known or identified historical resour	ces on this site.			
d)	Have the potential to cause a physical change, which would affect unique ethnic cultural values? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 10)				$\overline{\checkmark}$

Potentially Significant PotentiallyUnless Less Than Significant Impact MitigationSignificant

Incorporated

Impact

No Impact

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):

	Discussion: There are no known unique ethnic resources on site. No impacts are anticipated with this project.					
e)	e) Restrict existing religious or sacred uses within the potential impact area? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 10)				$\overline{\checkmark}$	
	Discussion: There are no current religious or sacred uses being co	onducted or	the site.			
XV. I	RECREATION. Would the proposal:					
a)	Increase the demand for neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 8, 10)				\checkmark	
	Discussion: The public nature of these uses will not generate an i	ncreased de	emand or need for	recreational f	acilities.	
b)	Affect existing recreational opportunities? (Sources 1, 2, 5, 7)				\checkmark	
	Discussion: No impact.					
XVI.	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE.					
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? (Sources: 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 19)				Ø	
	Discussion: The project is not located in the areas of any wildlift reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or withreaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, or reduce the plant or animal. In addition, the site is not an archaeologically anticipated from the proposed project.	vildlife pop e number o	ulation to drop b or restrict the ran	elow self-susta ge of a rare o	aining levels, r endangered	
b)	Does the project have the potential to achieve short-term, to the disadvantage of long-term environmental goals? (Sources: 5, 7) Discussion: The proposed project is consistent with the City of proposed project will improve the City's ability to meet emerger					
	not achieve short-term goals to the disadvantage of long-term env			,	r	
c)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects.) (Sources: 1, 5, 7, 8, 10)				Ø	
	Discussion: See discussion of Items XVI a) and b), above.					

ISSUES (and Supporting Information Sources):	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d) Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? (Sources: 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20)			Ø	

Discussion: While the project has the limited potential to create impacts to surrounding properties relating to aesthetics, noise, light and glare, the project has incorporated site-specific mitigation measures that when implemented, will reduce those identified impacts to a point considered less than significant. With the attached set of identified mitigation measures, the project is not expected to cause substantial adverse environmental effects on human beings.

<u>EARLIER ANALYSIS</u> Earlier analysis may be used where one or more effects have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR, mitigated negative declaration, or negative declaration per Section 15063c)(3)(D). Earlier Documents used in this Analysis include:

<u>Reference #</u>

<u>Document Title</u>

<u>Available for Review at:</u>

Reference #	Document Title	Available for Review at:
1	Project Vicinity Map	Attached
2	Reduced Site Plan	Attached
_		City of El Paso de Robles
3	Standard Conditions of Approval	Community Development Department
4	Site Specific Mitigation Measures	See Mitigation Monitoring Program/Plan
5	City of El Paso de Robles Municipal Code	City of El Paso de Robles
		Community Development Department
6	City of El Paso de Robles	City of El Paso de Robles
	Zoning and Subdivision Ordinance	Community Development Department
7	City of El Paso de Robles	City of El Paso de Robles
	Environmental Impact Report for General Plan Update	Community Development Department
8	City of El Paso de Robles	City of El Paso de Robles
	Local Procedures for Implementing CEQA	Community Development Department
9	Air Quality Handbook, San Luis Obispo County	City of El Paso de Robles
	Air Pollution Control District	Community Development Department
10	City of El Paso de Robles	City of El Paso de Robles
	Historic District Location Map	Community Development Department
11	FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map	City of El Paso de Robles
		Community Development Department
12	Geologic/Seismic Hazards Report & Soils Engineering Report	City of El Paso de Robles
	Prepared by Earth Systems, Inc.	Community Development Department
13	Project Narrative	City of El Paso de Robles
		Community Development Department
14	Project's Proliminary	City of El Paso de Robles
14	Project's Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan	Community Development Department
15		
15	Project's Preliminary Landscaping Plan	City of El Paso de Robles Community Development Department
16	New Superior Court Facility Building Footprint	City of El Paso de Robles
10	New Superior Court Facility Building Footprint	Community Development Department
17	Project Building Elevations	Attached
18	Parcel Legal Description	City of El Paso de Robles
		Community Development Department
19	Tree Protection Report	City of El Paso de Robles
	By Carolyn Leach Consulting	Community Development Department
20	Public Safety Center Project Program	City of El Paso de Robles
		Community Development Department
21	Downtown Parking & Circulation Analysis and Action Plan	City of El Paso de Robles
		Community Development Department

Mitigation Measures and Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan Planned Development 03-005and Waiver 03-007 (Superior Court Facility)

IMPACT	MITIGATION MEASURE	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MONITORING	MONITORING PROCESS MONITORING MILESTONE	VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE
VI Transportation	Submit grading plans and street improvement plans	City Engineer	Process: Grading and site improvement plans review Milestone: Prior to grading permit Prior to construction	Approved By: Date:
VI Transportation	Submit parking and traffic management plan for approval	City Council Board of Supervisors	Process: Plan formulation, review and at the time that jury trials are re-instated Milestone: Prior to re-instatement of jury trials	Approved By: City: County: Date:
VII. Biological Resources	Submit written statement and construction drawings for City review as to verification of compliance with protective measures, protective requirements construction monitoring, and inspection requirements	City Planner	Process: Grading & site improvement plans Construction drawings Milestones: Prior to grading permit Prior to construction	Approved By: Date:
XIII Aesthetics	Submit final construction drawings to the City's Development Review Committee for review as to verification of compliance with design intent	DRC	Process: Construction drawings Milestone: Prior to construction	Approved By: Date:
XIII Light & Glare	Conduct lighting level review	City Planner County Project Manager	Process: Prior to use and occupancy Milestone: Prior to use and occupancy	Approved By: Date:

RESOLUTION NO.:

A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF EL PASO DE ROBLES, APPROVING PLANNED DEVELOPMENT 03-005 AND WAIVER 03-007 FOR THE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY SUPERIOR COURTHOUSE AT 940 SPRING STREET (APPLICANT: COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO, ASSESSOR PARCEL NO: 009-151-002)

WHEREAS, the County of San Luis Obispo has filed a Planned Development and Waiver application on behalf of the California Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County seeking approval of a new Superior Court facility to be constructed and operated on an approximately 1.4-acre site at 940 Spring Street (Assessor Parcel Number 009-151-002);

WHEREAS, City approval is sought for the new facility in accordance with the long-term ground lease by and between the City and the County for the site and its development and use as a Superior Court facility;

WHEREAS, the Project site is bounded encompasses an approximately 1.4-acre site bounded by 9th Street on the south, Spring Street on the west, 10th Street on the north, and Park Street on the east; and

WHEREAS, the City's Economic Strategy and its General Plan call for retaining and expanding the North County Municipal Courts in the Downtown. Emphasis is placed on continued revitalization of Downtown as a Commercial/Entertainment Center that accommodates a Government Center (Public Safety, Library/City Hall, and County Courts), caters to the tourists and provides professional office space; and

WHEREAS, the new Superior Court facility is designed to be an integral part of the Downtown Civic Campus comprised of the Public Safety Center and the Library/City Hall; and,

WHEREAS, the General Plan designation and zoning of the project site is CC (Community Commercial) and C2 PD (Highway Commercial Planned Development); and

WHEREAS, at its October 14, 2003 meeting, the Planning Commission held a duly noticed public hearing on the new Superior Court facility and the environmental review thereof in order to accept public testimony on the Project, including Planned Development 03-005 and Waiver 03-007; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Statutes and Guidelines of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), and the City's Rules and Procedures for Implementing CEQA, an Initial Study was prepared and circulated for public review and comment along with a proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration, a Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan; and a Public Hearing Notice; and

WHEREAS, based on the information and analysis contained in the Initial Study, the proposed Project qualifies for adoption of a Mitigated Negative Declaration and establishment of a Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan; and

WHEREAS, based upon the facts and analysis presented in the staff report and the attachments thereto, the public testimony received, and subject to the Conditions of Approval listed below, the Planning Commission makes the following findings:

1. The new Superior Court facility will not be detrimental to the City's efforts to revitalize Downtown Paso Robles since the facility is an integral part of the City's Economic Strategy and General Plan policies calling for retention and expansion of the North County Municipal Courts in the Downtown.

- 2. The proposed Planned Development is consistent with the purpose, intent and regulations set forth in Chapter 21.16A (Planned Development Overlay District Regulations) as follows:
 - A. The granting of the Planned Development (PD) will not adversely affect the policies, spirit and intent of the General Plan, the Zoning Ordinance, and the policies and plans of the City. Rather, the PD implements the City's goals as expressed in its Economic Strategy and General Plan to continue to revitalize the Downtown.
 - B. The new Superior Court facility uses the same or similar design elements as have been used at the Public Safety Center and Library/City Hall.
 - C. The new Superior Court facility is designed to be sensitive to, and blend in with, the character of the site and surrounding area with particular emphasis placed on the adjacent Public Safety Center and Library/City Hall and use of a complementary architectural style.
 - D. The architectural design, site layout, and public improvements of the new Superior Court facility are compatible with area development and will not be disharmonious or disruptive to the Downtown.
 - E. The new Superior Court facility is consistent with the purpose and intent of the General Plan, the City's Economic Strategy, and the Community Commercial Zoning of the site; and, it is not contrary to the public health, safety and welfare.
 - F. The activities proposed for the new Superior Court facility are appropriate in scale and character for its location.
 - G. The site planning and architectural character of the new Superior Court facility is of an appropriate scale for the Downtown and its location adjacent to the Public Safety Center and the Library/City Hall.
- 3. The proposed Waiver of the required public sidewalk along a portion of the site's Park Street frontage is appropriate and is in compliance with the City's Oak Tree Preservation Ordinance. The granting of the proposed Waiver will result in preservation of three (3) existing valley oak trees, while still allowing for public use. The plans provide for an on-site public walkway placed at an angle to the corner, thereby connecting to the public sidewalks provided that are being installed along 9th Street and along Park Street further to the north.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Planning Commission of the City of El Paso de Robles does hereby:

- Approve Waiver 03-007, eliminating the required public sidewalk for a portion of the Park Street frontage (approximately 135 lineal feet beginning at the corner of 9th and Park Streets and continuing northerly along Park Street) in order to preserve the existing Oak Trees as shown on the Architectural Site Plan; and,
- ♦ Approve Planned Development 03-005 for the new Superior Court Facility, subject to the following Site Specific and Standard conditions:

SITE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

The following Conditions are site-specific Conditions of Approval for Planned Development #03-005. In the event of conflict or duplication between the Standard and Site-Specific Conditions, the Site-Specific Condition shall supersede the Standard Condition.

- 1. This PD #03-005 is valid for a period of two-years from the date of approval. This approval is for all aspects of the Project, except it does not include approval of any future building expansions which would be subject to separate City review and approval at the time that detailed plans have been prepared. Unless site work has begun, the approval of PD #03-005 shall expire on October 14, 2005. The Planning Commission may extend this expiration date for an additional three (3) years if a complete time extension application has been filed with the City before the October 14, 2005 expiration.
- 2. The Project shall be constructed in substantial conformance with the Conditions of Approval established by Resolution of the Planning Commission and it shall be constructed in substantial conformance with the following Exhibits (which are on file in the Community Development Department):

Standard Conditions of Approval A Architectural Site Plan В \mathbf{C} Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan D Planting Plan \mathbf{E} Irrigation Plan **Building Elevations** F G Colors & Materials Board Н Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan

DESCRIPTION

EXHIBIT

- 3. No underground or aboveground storage of hazardous materials shall be allowed on-site without first obtaining City approval via the Emergency Services Department as part of a courtesy review.
- 4. All improvements, including water, sewer, storm drainage, parking lots, pedestrian paths/walkways, and public streets shall be constructed to City standards or as otherwise specified in these Conditions.
- 5. Grading activities, facility construction, and site improvements shall be performed in compliance with the requirements of the Air Pollution Control District so as to minimize creation of fugitive dust and other emission resulting from use of construction equipment.
- 6. Verification of Compliance with the Adopted Mitigation Monitoring Plan/Program shall be provided to the City at the identified monitoring milestones (Refer to Resolution Adopting Mitigated Negative Declaration and Mitigation Monitoring Plan/Program).
- 7. The applicant shall construct curb, gutter, and sidewalk on Park Street in accordance with the design standards for this block as established with development of the Public Safety/Emergency Services Center (any required repaving of Park Street will be accomplished by the City as part of its Capital Improvement Program). The curb face on the west side of Park Street shall be 24-feet west of the existing curb line established with development of the Public Safety/Emergency Services Center on the east side of Park Street. Parking will not be provided in the critical root zone of the oak trees. Sidewalk will be constructed or waived as part of the Planning Commission's action on the Planned Development application.
- 8. The applicant shall construct the curb, gutter, and sidewalk on 9th Street in accordance with the City West Side Standard A-12 along the frontage of the project site. Angled parking shall be designed and installed along the 9th Street frontage of the project site. The angled parking shall be designed so that it does not interfere with the existing 9th Street curb alignment. The design of sidewalk shall be at the discretion of the Planning Commission as part of its action on the Planned Development. The existing paving on 9th Street shall be overlaid to centerline to restore a smooth riding surface over utility trenching.

- 9. The applicant shall construct .the curb, gutter, and sidewalk on Spring Street in accordance with City Arterial Standard A-2 and the Spring Street Master Plan along the site frontage.
- 10. The applicant shall construct the curb, gutter, and sidewalk on 10th Street in accordance with the design standards established for 10th Street with development of the Public Safety/Emergency Services Center. The existing paving on 10th Street shall be overlaid to centerline to restore a smooth riding surface over utility trenching.
- 11. The applicant shall install interlocking, concrete paver crosswalks across Park Street at 9th Street and 10th Street and across 10th Street at Park Street.
- 12. The existing overhead utility lines adjacent to the site on 9th Street shall be relocated underground.
- 13. Storm water detention shall be provided in accordance with City Standards. Calculations shall be filed with the City at the time that the grading and drainage plan in the construction document package is submitted to the City Engineer for review and approval.
- 14. Storm water discharging on to Park Street should be collected in a catch basin and storm drain system. The storm drain system will connect to the existing catch basin on the north side of 10th Street just north of Park Street. Additional drain inlets shall be installed to eliminate the need for the cross gutter along 10th Street across from Park Street. The curb return at the northwest corner of Park Street and 9th Street shall be designed to send the 9th Street runoff north to the 10th Street storm drain. This will eliminate the cross gutter at 9th Street.
- 15. Decorative Street lights shall be placed on 10th Street (one light mid-block), Park Street (as determined by the DRC in the context of appropriate lighting levels), and on Spring Street in accordance with the Spring Street Master Plan (two decorative street lights along the project frontage).
- 16. Benches, security fencing, and trash receptacles matching the theme established with the Emergency Services Center and the Library/City Hall shall be provided.
- 17. Evidence of property-owner approval of the plans for the new Superior Court Facility and appurtenant buildings/structures, site improvements, architectural design, landscaping, lighting, walls/fencing plans, public plaza, trash enclosures, street trees with decorative tree grates, signage, etc... shall be provided to the Community Development Director or his designee prior commencement of construction for filing as part of the Planned Development Application.
- 18. Prior to re-instatement of jury trials, the City and the Superior Court shall work collaboratively in establishing an "in-house" informational parking and traffic management plan (Plan). The Plan would provide for effective use of the available public transportation at the Downtown Transit Center (Southwest corner of 8th and Pine Streets), available and planned public parking facilities (Both on-street and off-street spaces), and other management measures to the satisfaction of the City Council and the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County. The purpose and intent of the "inhouse" informational Plan would be to ensure, to the extent it is practical to do so, that:
 - A) The Court facilities are accessible to those who use them,
 - B) Measures would be taken to encourage/inform the users of the Court facility to park in certain designated areas and/or use alternative means for getting to the Court facility (so as to not displace others who are working, visiting, shopping, or otherwise availing themselves of the government, office, cultural, conference, dining, entertainment, and specialty retail shops and services located in the Downtown), and

- C) The Court encourages/inform its jurors to use the transportation and parking facilities identified in the adopted Plan.
- 19. Use and operation of the Superior Court Facility and its appurtenant buildings, structures, and site improvements shall be conducted in compliance with the City's General Performance Standards for all uses (Section 21.21.040 of Chapter 21.21 Performance Standards of the City's Zoning Ordinance attached hereto and incorporated herein).
- 20. The City and County shall conduct a lighting level review in the field prior to use and occupancy of the Superior Court Facility in order to make any necessary adjustments to ensure that the illumination levels are appropriate, that the light sources are properly shielded and directed downward where appropriate, that all security lighting if fully shielded and directed at the building (rather than directed out from the building), that no blister packs have been installed on the building exterior, and that no direct glare has been created, and that any sky-reflected glare from the building has been controlled by reasonable means as are practical to the end that said sky-reflected glare will not inconvenience or annoy persons or interfere with the use and enjoyment of property in and about the area where it occurs.
- 21. As a professional courtesy, the security plans shall be filed with the Police Department of the City of El Paso de Robles.
- 22. The courthouse project shall obtain an Encroachment Permit from the City of El Paso de Robles for work done within the public right of way. In conjunction with issuance of this permit, the County shall pay appropriate fees as specified in the executed site lease or as may be further determined through on-going agency discussions.

PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS 14th day of October 2003 by the following Roll Call Vote:

AYES:

NOES:

ABSENT:

ABSTAIN:

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON

ATTEST:

ROBERT A. LATA. PLANNING COMMISSION SECRETARY

RESOLUTION NO:

A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF EL PASO DE ROBLES, APPROVING A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION AND ESTABLISHING A MITIGATION MONITORING/REPORTING PROGRAM FOR THE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY SUPERIOR COURTHOUSE AT 940 SPRING STREET (APPLICANT: COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO)

WHEREAS, the County of San Luis Obispo has filed a Planned Development and Waiver application on behalf of the California Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County seeking approval of a new Superior Court facility to be constructed and operated on an approximately 1.4-acre site at 940 Spring Street (Assessor Parcel Number 009-151-002);

WHEREAS, City approval is sought for the new facility in accordance with the long-term ground lease by and between the City and the County for the site and its development and use as a Superior Court facility;

WHEREAS, the Project site is bounded encompasses an approximately 1.4-acre site bounded by 9th Street on the south, Spring Street on the west, 10th Street on the north, and Park Street on the east; and

WHEREAS, the City's Economic Strategy and its General Plan call for retaining and expanding the North County Municipal Courts in the Downtown. Emphasis is placed on continued revitalization of Downtown as a Commercial/Entertainment Center that accommodates a Government Center (Public Safety, Library/City Hall, and County Courts), caters to the tourists and provides professional office space; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Statutes and Guidelines of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), and the City's Rules and Procedures for Implementing CEQA, an Initial Study was prepared and circulated for public review and comment along with a proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration, a Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan, and a Public Hearing Notice; and

WHEREAS, at its October 14, 2003 meeting, the Planning Commission held a duly noticed public hearing to accept public testimony on the proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration, Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan, Planned Development PD 03-005, and Waiver 03-007 for the new Superior Court facility; and.

WHEREAS, public notice of intent to adopt the proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration was given as required by Section 21092 of the Public Resources Code; and

WHEREAS, public notice of the proposed Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan was given as is required by Section 15097 of the State Guidelines for Implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act; and

WHEREAS, based on the information and analysis contained in the Initial Study (including the proposed Mitigation Measures and the proposed Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan), the staff report, and public testimony received, the Planning Commission, using its own independent judgment, finds that all potentially significant effects of the new Superior Court facility ("Project") on the environment can and will be avoided or mitigated to a level of insignificance by:

1. Imposing the specified mitigation measures in the Initial Study as Conditions of Approval for the new Superior Court facility;

- 2. Requiring the applicant to make, or to agree to make, revisions to the Project so as to incorporate the mitigation measures in the Initial Study into the Project, as set forth in the attached acknowledgement statement (as set forth in the attached Mitigation Agreement and Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Plan/Program; and,
- 3. Requiring compliance with the Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan that establishes the program for reporting on, or monitoring, the changes incorporated into the Project by the Planning Commission so as to allow for the adoption of Mitigated Negative Declaration.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Planning Commission of the City of El Paso de Robles, using its independent judgment and analysis, does hereby:

- 1. Find and determine that Planned Development PD 03-005 and Waiver 03-007 will not have a significant impact on the environment. This finding and determination was made based upon the substantial evidence presented at the public hearing, including the whole record before the Planning Commission (including the Initial Study, the Staff Report and attachments thereto, and any public comments or testimony received thereon).
- 2. Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration for Planned Development PD 03-005 and Waiver 03-007 for the new Superior Court facility at 940 Spring Street.
- 3. Establish a Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Program/Plan for Planned Development PD 03-005 and Waiver 03-007 for reporting on and/or monitoring how the changes set forth as Mitigation Measures are incorporated into the Project design as well as the facility construction and operation.

PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS 14th day of October 2003, by the following roll call vote:

ROBERT A. LATA. PLANNING COMMISSION SECRETARY

AYES:
NOES:
ABSENT:
ABSTAIN:

CHAIRMAN RON JOHNSON

ATTEST:

RECEIVED

MAR 1 9 2003

Community Development

Tree Protection Report

On Preliminary Schematic Site Plan

For

San Luis Obispo County Courthouse Paso Robles

March 14, 2003

Ву

Carolyn Leach Consulting, L.L.C. 444 Blume Street, Nipomo, CA 93444 Phone & fax (805) 929-9020

Signed

Date

San Luis Obispo County Courthouse Passo Robles Tree Protection Report By C. Leach March 14, 2003

1. Introduction:

This report reviews the proposed construction of a new courthouse facility in Paso Robles, and discusses the affect of that work on existing native trees. I have inspected and measured the trees, and determined their critical root zone area. Surveyors have located the trees. During the course of developing this preliminary plan, the designers have consulted with me and adjusted their plans to accommodate the trees.

The project plans discussed in this report are preliminary plans only. The project Landscape Architect, TEC, has forwarded to me a reduced copy of the site plan, which I have attached to this report. No site grading plans or elevations has been reviewed to date.

2. Tree information:

I inspected the site on January 10, 2003, and looked at all the site trees, identifying which trees were native oaks. Information on each native oak tree was collected regarding the species, size, health & vigor, location, and relative position in relation to previous and proposed improvements. The results of my field inspection are summarized on the Tree Data Sheet attached.

I found five native oaks at the site - two coastal live oaks (Quercus agrifolia) and three valley oaks (Quercus lobata). Their trunk diameters ranged in size from 13 to 48 inches. Also existing on the site were several non-native trees - Tree-of-Heaven (Allanthus altissima), Siberian elm (Ulmus pumila) and an atlas cedar (Cedrus atlantica).

The site is fairly level, located near the heart of downtown Paso Robles. The parcel is now vacant, but it is easy to assume that previous structures must have been present in the past here, potentially near some of the native trees.

t have assigned sequential numbers to the trees, to help identify and discuss the trees individually. The tree locations are marked on the attached sketch.

Tree #1, located at the property's northwest corner, is a young coastal live oak with vigorous health and a full canopy. It grows very close to the foundation of the adjacent coffee house. Its branches have been pruned up for the first five feet above ground.

Tree #2, also a young live oak, is growing within the right of way on 10th Street. It has a full canopy with branches extending all the way down to the ground.

San Luis Obispo County Courthouse Paso Robles Tree Protection Report By C. Leach March 14, 2003

eurtist attachm L'Ass

Trees #3, 4, and 5 are located near the southeast corner of the site. They are all large valley oaks with tall, straight trunks and high canopies. Much previous pruning work has been done (not all appropriate) to these three trees. They are moderately healthy, but need some remediation pruning work.

3. Project impacts:

This report attempts to anticipate construction impacts to the site trees, but since the plans are brief, many assumptions have been made in my evaluation. The goal is to describe the impacts, then project whether the trees will be able to withstand those impacts. Impacts can occur to the soil, roots, trunk, branches, and canopy. In order for trees to grow and thrive, they need all of their parts in good working order so that the whole system can function.

Root impacts increase the closer to the trunk that the construction work occurs. Younger, healthier trees are more able to tolerate significant impacts than older, less vigorous trees. It is widely accepted that healthy trees are able to tolerate the loss of about 25% of their canopy and 30% loss of their root system. Trees in poorer health, obviously, cannot tolerate as much impact.

To estimate canopy impact, I viewed the trees and counted the number and size of branches that I anticipate will need removal. To estimate root loss, I measured the amount of critical root zone (CRZ) that will be affected, and calculated the percentage affected. Those impacts are listed below:

TREE#	Canopy Impact	Root Impact	
1	10%	7%	
2	25%	17%	
3	20%	27%	
4	10%	43%	
5	10%	31%	

Root impacts are expected for construction of the building, road, walkways, and retaining wall. Working room beyond the actual improvement are included.

The above impacts to trees #3, 4, and 5 exceed those normally tolerable, so mitigation to reduce those impacts should occur. If we assume the building and road locations are fixed, then the remaining impact is with the walkway. If the

San Luis Obispo County Courthouse Paso Robles Tree Protection Report By C. Leach March 14, 2003

walk were built of permeable material (and built without excavation) such as bark mulch, gravel, or decomposed granite, the impacts would significantly lower. The root impacts at tree #3 would then change to zero, Tree #4 to 18%, and Tree #5 to 15%. This would clearly bring the impacts to tolerable levels.

The walk near Tree #1 is assumed to be permanent paving, with no grading beyond a foot of working room along the walk edge.

The impact from the retaining wall at Tree #2 includes two feet of working room behind the back of wall.

Working room behind the curb and gutter on Park Street, within thirty feet of tree #4, is one foot behind the back of curb.

Working room along the south wall of the new building shall be no more than ten feet away from the building face.

No other grading or trenching will be allowed within the CRZ, except for the four allowances listed immediately above, unless reviewed and approved by me before the work commences.

Protective fencing is required between all construction activities and native trees. Protective fence locations are to be clearly marked on the grading plan and approved by the project arborist. Where feasible, they will be located five feet outside the CRZ boundary. Protective fencing shall be inspected daily by the project construction supervisor and maintained in good order at all times.

Landscaping for the project will be limited to drought tolerant plantings only. The areas within CRZ will have native oak leaf mulch left intact, and be sparsely planted. Only irrigate for the first two years, to establish the new plants, and then discontinue all irrigation within the CRZ. Drip irrigation only, installed without trenching, shall be used within the CRZ. No herbicide use should occur at any time within the CRZ.

Pruning to remove all dead branches, repair previous poor pruning mistakes, and install cables where appropriate, is highly recommended.

The above estimates of impact are based on the workers on the site complying with all of the protection requirements listed in this report, as well as any subsequent material produced by myself regarding this project. The following section details other specific requirements. If care is taken to comply with the restrictions, there is a high likelihood that the trees will tolerate this construction project.

4. Protection Requirements:

All workers, prior to beginning work, must consider the limited space available at this site. <u>Under no circumstance shall lack of space be used as reason to remove protective fencing.</u>

- Project manager and construction supervisor shall be responsible for instructing all workers about tree protection goals, implementing protection of CRZ, and installing and maintaining protective fencing.
- Protective fencing is required, in the locations shown on the grading plan, and approved by the project arborist.
- The fences shall be five-foot tall orange plastic, with steel t-posts posts sunk into the ground, eight feet apart. The fencing shall be installed prior to any site disturbance or construction, and shall remain in place until all construction is complete.
- No grading, trenching, materials storage, soil storage, debris, or site
 disturbance shall occur within the protected area. No concrete, plaster, or
 paint washout shall be allowed within the tree protection zone. Weather proof
 signs shall be permanently posted, on the fences every 50 feet, with the
 following information:

Tree protection zone

No personnel, equipment, materials, and vehicles are allowed Do not move or remove this fence Name and phone of Construction Supervisor

- Any field conditions or changes, which adversely affect the site trees, shall be reviewed by the Arborist prior to performing the work. Additional mitigation may be needed.
- Tree pruning should be done by a qualified ISA certified arborist or ISA tree worker. A.N.S.I. A-300 and Z-133 standards for tree care shall be used at all times.
- All utilities shall be routed in areas outside the protection areas.
- If living roots of native oaks, measuring two inches in diameter or more, are
 injured during earthwork, the contractor shall cleanly cut them. Use a sharp
 handsaw, to remove the frayed end. Do not paint the cut ends of roots. Keep
 the roots moist by covering the excavation edge with plastic sheeting (or
 burlap, wetted daily). Backfill the excavation as soon as possible.
- Abandon all unused existing underground lines where legally allowed, rather that digging them out.

5. Tree Data Sheet

Tree #	Specie	Dbh	CRZ	Vigor	Comments
1	Que agr	18"	18'	Exc	
2	Que agr	13 ½"	13'6"	Exc	Prune to raise canopy 5'
3	Que lob	33"	33'	Mod	Remove wires. Corrective prune 7 headed limbs. Aerially inspect all limbs for internal decay.
4	Que lob	28"	28'	Mod	Remove construction washout from site next door within CRZ of this tree. Aerially inspect all limbs for decay
5	Que lob	48"	48'	Mod	Recommend cabling, possibly upper & lower canopy both. Aerially inspect all limbs for decay. Recommend root crown inspection.

Que agr = Coastal live oak

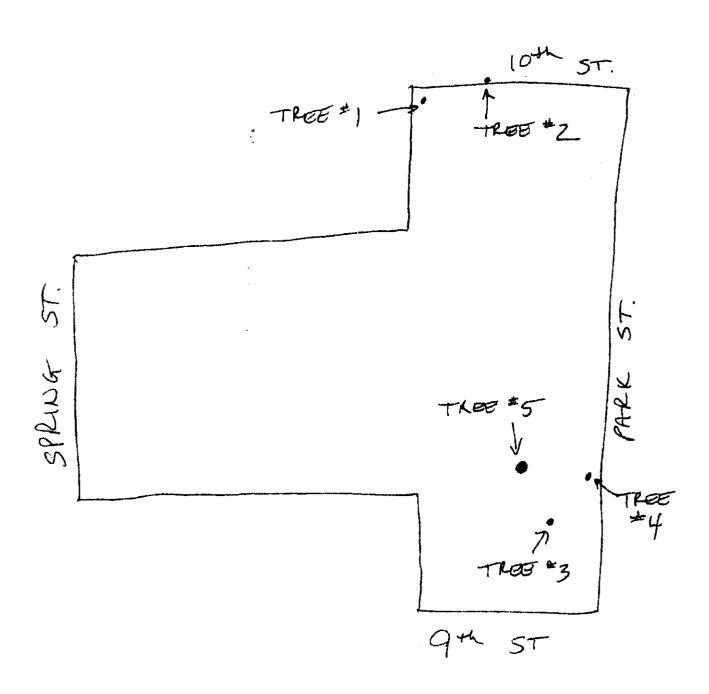
Que lob = valley oak

Exc = excellent

Mod = moderate

San Luis Obispo County Courthouse Paso Robles Tree Protection Report By C. Leach March 14, 2003

6. Tree Location Sketch:



TO: HONORABLE CHAIRMAN AND PLANNING COMMISSION

FROM: ROBERT A. LATA, COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY SUPERIOR COURTHOUSE FACILITY SUBJECT:

DATE: OCTOBER 14, 2003

Needs: For the Planning Commission to consider adoption of a Mitigated Negative Declaration/Mitigation Monitoring Program and approval of Planned Development 03-005 and

Waiver 03-007 for the new Superior Court facility at 940 Spring Street.

1. The new Superior Court facility ("facility") is to be located on an approximately 1.4-acre site located on Park Street, immediately west of the Public Safety Center. The new facility would replace the existing one at 549 10th Street.

- 2. This site is bounded by 9th Street on the south, Spring Street on the west, 10th Street on the north, and Park Street on the east (See attached map).
- 3. The City's Economic Strategy and its General Plan call for retaining and expanding the North County Municipal Courts in the Downtown.
- 4. One of the major goals of the Strategy is the development of Downtown into a Commercial/Entertainment Center that accommodates a Government Center (Public Safety, Library/City Hall, and County Courts), caters to the tourists and provides professional office space.
- 5. The City and the County have entered into a long-term ground lease for the site to accommodate the County's construction of the new facility.
- 6. The lease establishes that the County shall file a Planned Development application to allow for public input and review authority by the City, including California Environmental Quality Act compliance.
- 7. On September 15th, the County submitted a revised site plan and elevations for the new facility. Revisions have been made as part of the County's on-going efforts to further develop the estimate of project costs for the current design to ensure that the Project presented to the City will be within budget.
- 8. Planned Development PD 03-005 and Waiver 03-007 for the new facility have been filed with the City for its review/approval as set forth in the executed lease agreement.
- 9. These applications seek authorization to construct and operate an approximately 22,400 square foot, two-story, 36-feet high facility at 940 South Spring Street (See attached site plan, architectural elevations, and additive and deductive alternates for the elevations).
- 10. Thirteen (13) on-site parking spaces are proposed to be provided in a fully secured area and 23 on-site, "staff only" parking spaces are also shown. Public parking will be provided through the City providing 79 new spaces on the perimeter of Robbins Field, plus nearby Public on and off-street parking.

Facts:

- 11. The General Plan designation and Zoning of the Project site is CC (Community Commercial) and C2 PD (Highway Commercial Planned Development).
- 12. By way of background, this project was initially scheduled for consideration by the Planning Commission at its June 10th meeting. At the request of the County, this item was continued on July 22nd and again on September 23rd.

A. Processing of Initial Submittal

- On April 7, 2003, the City's Development Review Committee (DRC) reviewed the new facility and indicated its support for the Project, subject to the following:
 - > Studying parking in more detail;
 - Increasing the number of off-street parking spaces as much as feasible; and
 - ➤ Providing "Four-sided" architectural treatment (Use of different materials and finishes, such as brick and plaster, was found to be acceptable as long as the colors were the same).

In its discussion of the Project, the DRC stated the new Superior Court facility would be a positive addition to the neighboring public facilities.

♦ At its April 22nd meeting, the Planning Commission held a Public Workshop. Comments were received indicating that the architectural design and site layout were appropriate and compatible with that of the Public Safety Center and the Library/City Hall, and suggesting that additional efforts be made to address the parking needs.

B. Processing of Revised Submittal

◆ On September 22nd, the City's DRC reviewed the revised site plan and elevations for the new Superior Court facility.

Site Plan Revisions

The main plaza on the corner of 10^{th} and Park Streets has been revised. The pavers have been removed and replaced with landscape areas and the stairs have been deleted.

The staff parking lot has been reconfigured and the automatic electronic gate at Spring Street has been removed.

Revisions to the Elevations

The entry vestibule has been removed.

Minor modifications have been made to the building footprint due to changes in the floor-plan. These modifications have resulted in greater variation in the building footprint.

As a result of budgetary concerns, the County has indicated that final decisions on the cladding of the building exterior with a brick veneer cannot be made at this time.

The County is anticipating that it will not be in a position to ascertain how the exterior will be finished until after the construction bids have been received.

It is possible that the brick veneer may prove to be too expensive. If this occurs, the County will proceed with replacing the brick veneer with plaster. An exhibit showing a plaster exterior has been provided as a reference.

It is also possible that the Project could come in under budget. If this occurs, the County will replace the lobby walls with glazing. An exhibit showing the use of an

expanded façade with a wider curtain wall with glazed panels will be available at the Commission meeting.

In its discussion of the Project revisions, the DRC stated the new Superior Court facility would be a positive addition to the neighboring public facilities that comprise the Civic Campus (Public Safety Center, the Public Library, and City Hall). There is enough similarity in the overall site design, building elevations, as well as in the colors and materials used, of these individual facilities to achieve compatibility.

Additional Details (Security Fencing and Signs)

In its discussion of the security fencing details, the DRC recommended that alternatives to installation of interlocking galvanized steel boards be explored. Further, the DRC indicated that information on available options should be presented as part of the final (or substantially complete) construction drawings submittal package to the DRC for its review/approval prior to commencement of construction activity.

In its discussion of the additional signage details, the DRC concluded that the signs appear to be compatible with the others in the immediate vicinity and recommended that final DRC approval of the signs be sought via a separate permit process at the time that the final or substantially complete construction details are known.

13. Pursuant to the Statutes and Guidelines of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the City's Rules and Procedures for Implementation of CEQA, an Initial Study was prepared and circulated for review/comment. Based on the information and analysis contained therein, the Project qualifies for issuance of a Mitigated Negative Declaration and adoption of a Mitigation Monitoring Program.

Analysis And Conclusions:

The Project is the result of the collaborative efforts of the City and the County. The review/analysis presented in the remainder of this Report is separated into the following sections: 1. Site Design and Orientation, 2. Architectural Style, 3. Environmental Review, and 4. Concluding Remarks.

1. Site Design and Orientation

The facility is located at the northeastern corner of the site. The front entrance and building façade is oriented diagonal to the intersection of 10th and Park Street. This orientation mirrors that of the Public Safety Center (PSC) located immediately to the east, across Park Street. The main PSC entrance faces the intersection of 10th and Park Street as well. The remainder of the site is devoted to on-site, staff-only parking, retention/detention basins, and an outdoor seating area. The southwest corner has a pedestrian path and outdoor seating area placed among the existing grouping of mature, heritage oak trees. Access to and from the on-site/staff-only parking lot is taken directly from Spring Street.

The Spring Street frontage has the same design treatment as predominately found throughout the Spring Street corridor. Emphasis has been placed on replicating the treatment found within the next block to the north. The frontage treatment in this area serves as a transition between the newer development to the south and the main Downtown focal point/core area. A public sidewalk, themed lights, and enhanced landscaping set in front of a low brick wall are shown along the Spring Street frontage (together the wall and landscaping effectively screen the onsite parking areas).

2. Architectural Style. Fraser Seiple Architects have provided the following narrative:

"The design for the new Paso Robles Superior Court seeks to create a building that will reinforce and extend the character of the neighborhood, particularly its historic and more recent public buildings.

The building is a two-story structure, which provides a compact composition and allows a large portion of the site to be preserved as current open space and held in reserve for planned future expansion. With a two-story scheme, the building massing generates a more civic presence, relating to the adjacent public buildings and distinguishing the court from the retail and service buildings on the block.

Set back from the corner, the facility offers a generous, landscaped public plaza at the corner of Park and 10th Streets. The curved façade of the building allows it to relate directly to Park Street and the Public Safety Center, to 10th Street, and to the corner itself, mediating the site's opposition at the middle of the City's evolving civic campus. The public corridors of the court facility face the plaza, and double height glazing offer views of people in the building, activating the public plaza and further connecting building function with the public realm.

Materials for the new court facility were carefully chosen to integrate the project into its surroundings.

The front façade consists of curtain wall glazing along the curve of the building, capped by a sloped standing seam metal roof. Brick clads the north and east walls of the courtrooms. Cream-colored brick accents the building at the base and at the second floor. The south and west building elevations are composed of complementary stucco walls, extending the theme and color of the brick facades from the more public faces of the building.

Landscaping and site improvements will also complement the building and enhance the quality of public spaces. The public plaza will be a combination of landscaping and hardscape areas. The hardscape includes concrete paving and use of interlocking pavers, repeating elements of other public spaces in the neighborhood. Existing oak trees will be preserved, with additional trees planted to reinforce the street edge and create a coherent landscape composition.

Valley oaks to the south of the building and live oaks along 10th Street will be preserved as prescribed by City ordinance, with additional trees planted to create a native themed, park-like setting. Pedestrian travel adjacent to existing trees will be accommodated by placement of pedestrian paths (with interlocking pavers) crossing the site, detailed to prevent damage to the root structure.

Public on-street parking, including required accessible spaces, will be provided along Park Street in the City's preferred diagonal pattern. Courts staff and secure parking for the facility are provided at the rear of the building, accessed via Spring Street.

The proposed grading scheme maintains the existing pattern of drainage to the northeast site corner. The public entrances will be at or below the elevation at the corner of 10th and Park Streets.

The intent of the design for the new Paso Robles Superior Court Facility is to develop a distinguished public building for the Superior Court that exhibits the dignity appropriate to a justice facility, creates generous public spaces as a community amenity, and carefully reinforces the character of the neighborhood through building placement, materials, and detailing."

3. Environmental Review

The Initial Study for this Project relies in part on the Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the 1991 General Plan Land Use and Circulation Element Update. The EIR authorized development of the land uses envisioned in the General Plan, including continued Downtown revitalization/development as a specialty retail, government, office, cultural, conference, and entertainment center of the City and North County region.

Project-specific review focuses on Transportation/Circulation, Biological Resources, Request for Sidewalk Waiver to preserve Oak Trees, and Aesthetic impacts.

Traffic/Circulation -- Parking

The Zoning Ordinance does not have a specific parking requirement for a Superior Court facility. Rather, it requires off-site parking in the Downtown to be provided at a rate of one space per 1,750 square feet of site area. Since the site is approximately 63,597.60 square feet; the amount of required on-site parking is 36-spaces. 36-spaces have been provided. On-street parking is also available in the vicinity, and the street improvements to be installed as part of the Project add a total of 12-additional, angled parking spaces along the site's Park Street and 9th Street frontages.

Within close proximity to the new Superior Court, there are a total of 1,976 parking spaces (both on-street and off-street public parking spaces), as shown on Table 7 – Existing and Further Parking Demand Estimates for Analysis Zones I, III, and IV of the Downtown Parking and Circulation Action Plan). Further, there are approximately 820 off-street parking spaces within a one-block radius per a field investigation conducted by City staff.

As part of the on-going implementation of the Downtown Parking and Circulation Action Plan, the City's annual budget process has included consideration of availability of financing for the recommended capital improvement projects. As a result, the City has set aside sufficient funding to move forward with a capital improvement project to create an additional 79 parking spaces surrounding all four sides of Robbins Field. Robbins Field is located within two blocks of the new Facility at southwest corner of Park and 7th Streets and can provide adjunct parking spaces for juror use.

The Judicial Council of California has published <u>Facilities Guidelines for Superior Court</u> Facilities ("Guidelines"). The Guidelines provide that:

"Court facilities must be accessible to those who use them. Court planners should consider the feasibility of providing parking and the availability of public transportation. If at all possible, parking should be provided near the courthouse for users, visitors, staff, justices and official vehicles. In areas where an appropriate public parking structure is not nearby and cannot be constructed, the court should be sited within easy access of public transportation. In such cases, a small parking facility should be considered in or near the court facility for the justices and some staff. If public parking can be provided, parking requirements should be calculated in consideration of 1) the number of users and visitors expected each day; 2) the number of staff to be employed at the facility; and, 3) the average number of official vehicles found at the courthouse each day."

Using the Guidelines, it would seem appropriate for the City and the Superior Court to work collaboratively in establishing an "in-house" parking and traffic management plan prior to re-instatement of jury trials, the City and the Superior Court shall work collaboratively in establishing an "in-house" informational parking and traffic management plan (Plan).

The Plan would provide for effective use of the available public transportation at the Downtown Transit Center (southwest corner of 8th and Pine Streets), available and planned public parking facilities (both on-street and off-street spaces), and other management measures to the satisfaction of the City Council and the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County. With incorporation of this mitigation measure into the project as a Condition of Approval, there would not be an insufficient supply of available parking.

Traffic/Circulation -Trip Generation

The site has a General Plan designation of CC (Community Commercial) and C2-PD (Highway Commercial – Planned Development) zoning, which allow Public facility and commercial uses. If commercially developed with 22,720 square feet of leasable space, approximately 923 Average Daily Trips (ADT) would be generated. This is more than the 568 ADT attributable to the new Superior Court facility.

The City's General Plan Circulation Element and accompanying street improvement programs were established assuming development of commercial use of the site. Since the new facility would generate less traffic than analyzed in the Circulation Element, it would not trigger the need for additional street improvements with cumulative traffic.

Associated Transportation Engineers (ATE) prepared a Project-specific Traffic Report. This Report confirmed that no additional street improvements besides the planned and programmed improvements would be required.

The new facility is expected to generate 51 trips during the AM peak hour and 65 trips during the PM peak hour. The Spring Street/10th Street intersection is forecasted to continue to operate at Level of Service "A" during the AM and PM peak hour periods with project traffic; and the Spring Street/6th Street intersection is forecasted to continue to operate at Level of Service "B" during the AM and PM peak hour periods with project traffic.

Spring Street would provide direct access to the site via the one project driveway. The project driveway on Spring Street is located approximately 190 feet south of 10th Street and approximately 130 feet north of 9th Street. Spring Street has one lane in each direction plus a two-way median left-turn lane.

The ATE Traffic Report indicates that there is adequate storage for northbound Spring Street traffic at 10th Street. Additionally, the Report concludes that there would not be a significant affect on traffic movement to/from the project driveway and that driveway movements would not significantly affect the traffic movements at the Spring Street/10th Street intersection. The delays for vehicles entering and exiting the site are in the 10-20 second range, indicating the adequate gaps in the Spring Street traffic streams are available for project traffic. The delays for vehicles entering and exiting the site equate to Level of Service A-B.

Further, since the new facility is replacing an existing one already located in the Downtown, it is reasonable to suggest that some (if not the majority) of the traffic associated with operation of the Superior Court is currently a part of the background traffic levels.

If this perspective were taken, it is foreseeable that an argument could be made that there is no little or no impact since there would not be any increased vehicle trips or traffic congestion resulting from Facility relocation. However, a more conservative approach has been taken.

On October 29, 2002, the City Council approved the Downtown Parking and Circulation Action Plan. This Plan reviewed and evaluated the impacts of planned development in the Downtown in accordance with the General Plan land uses and zoning. The new facility was included in the Plan as was its effect on parking supply and demand, in addition to its effect on the existing circulation system.

As a result of planned development in the Downtown, including the new facility, the City Council adopted an Action Plan calling for implementation of:

- Various traffic calming measures;
- Creation of an additional 100 parking spaces by the Year 2005;
- Creation of an additional 350 parking spaces by the Year 2009; and,
- Creation of an additional 550 parking spaces after the Year 2010.

The ATE Traffic Report for the new Superior Court facility was prepared subsequent to completion of the Downtown Parking and Circulation Action Plan and confirms its findings.

Biological Resources -Oak Trees

There are five (5) relatively large oak trees located on the site. Details regarding the trees are contained in the attached Tree Protection Report from Carolyn Leach. This Report was prepared pursuant to the provisions of the City's Oak Tree Preservation Ordinance.

All of the oak trees have been preserved and incorporated into the site design. The Report includes an assessment and evaluation of each oak tree to determine the health, structural condition, potential impacts to the health that could occur as a result of the Project, and identifies tree protection requirements. The tree protection requirements of the Report and of the City's Oak Tree Ordinance are to be incorporated into the project design, and specific protections measures are to be implemented during construction and on-going site maintenance.

Request for Waiver of Public Sidewalk Requirements along a portion of Park Street

The applicant is seeking Planning Commission approval of a waiver of public sidewalk requirements. The reason for this waiver is to preserve the existing valley oak trees located at the southeastern corner of the site at 9th and Park Streets.

If granted, there would not be a public sidewalk along a portion of the site's Park Street frontage. There would only be curb and gutter installed at the corner of 9th and Park streets and continuing approximately 135 lineal feet to the north along the Park Street frontage.

The Park Street improvements, as shown on the site plan for the new Superior Court facility, do not include a public sidewalk in the vicinity of these trees; rather a sidewalk is provided away from the corner at a diagonal (see plans). The waiver of public sidewalk is only sought for the portion of that Park Street frontage where the trees are located.

Aesthetics

The project is located in the City's Downtown District. The architectural design, site layout, landscaping, walls/fences, lighting, and signage are subject to review and approval of the Planning Commission as part of the Planned Development application.

The applicant's Design Narrative and the Concept Plans for the Building Elevations states that:

"The intent of the design for the new Paso Robles Superior Court Facility is to develop a distinguished public building for the Superior Court that exhibits the dignity appropriate to a justice facility, creates generous public spaces as a community amenity, and carefully reinforces the character of the neighborhood through building placement, materials, and detailing."

Further, the final or substantially complete construction drawings are to be submitted to the City's Development Review Committee (DRC) for review and approval prior to initiation of project construction to provide the DRC with the opportunity to verify that the precise details are consistently executed throughout all aspects of the project design.

Concluding Remarks

The granting of the Planned Development and Waiver will not adversely affect the policies, spirit and intent of the General Plan, the Zoning Ordinance, and the policies and plans of the City. Rather, the new Superior Court facility properly implements the City's goals as expressed in its Economic Strategy and General Plan to continue to revitalize the Downtown through use of the same or similar design elements as the Public Safety Center and the Library/City Hall, through a site orientation that adds to the civic campus, and through use of an architectural style that complements that of the Public Safety Center and the Library/City Hall.

Policy

Reference: General Plan, Zoning Ordinance, Economic Strategy Report.

Fiscal

The facility is part of the City's Economic Strategy for continued Downtown revitalization. As such, it is anticipated that there will be a positive fiscal impact associated with the spin-off

effects associated with use of the court.

Options: After consideration of public testimony, the Planning Commission will be asked to take the actions listed below:

A. By separate motions:

- 1. Adopt the attached Resolution adopting a Mitigated Negative Declaration and Mitigation Monitoring/Reporting Plan/Program for the new Superior Court facility (PD 03-005 and Waiver 03-007).
- 2. Adopt the attached Resolution
 - Approving the Planned Development 03-005 for the Superior Court facility; and
 - Granting Waiver 03-007, thereby eliminating the required public sidewalk for a portion of the Park Street frontage in order to preserve existing valley oak trees,

Subject to Standard and Site Specific Conditions.

В. Amend, modify, or alter the foregoing options.

Impact:

Attachments:

- 1. Vicinity Map
- 2. Building Elevations (With Brick Veneer, Without Brick Veneer, and With Additional Glazing)
- 3. Arborist Report
- 4. Plans Refer to separate set of Plans included in PC Packet; these contain the following:
 - ♦ Architectural Site Plan
 - Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan
 - Preliminary Utility Plan
 - ♦ Electrical Site Plan
 - ♦ Signage Schedule and Details
 - ♦ Planting and Planting Plan
 - ♦ Floor Plans
 - ♦ Building Elevations
- 5. CEQA Resolution
- 6. Project Approval Resolution
- 7. Initial Study
- 8. Public Notice Affidavits

Refer to separate set of Plans included in PC Packet; these contain the following:

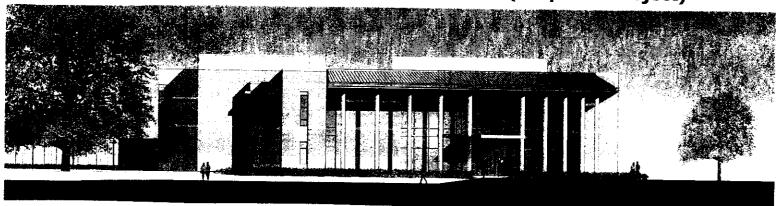
- ♦ Architectural Site Plan
- ♦ Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan
- ♦ Preliminary Utility Plan
- ♦ Electrical Site Plan
- ♦ Signage Schedule and Details
- ♦ Planting and Planting Plan
- ♦ Floor Plans
- ♦ Building Elevations

Building Elevations -- New Superior Court Facility, 940 Spring Street

North Elevation – 10th Street With Brick Veneer (Proposed Project)



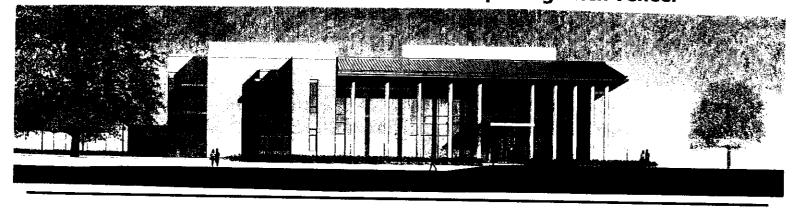
East Elevation – Park Street With Brick Veneer (Proposed Project)



North Elevation — 10th Street With Plaster replacing Brick Veneer

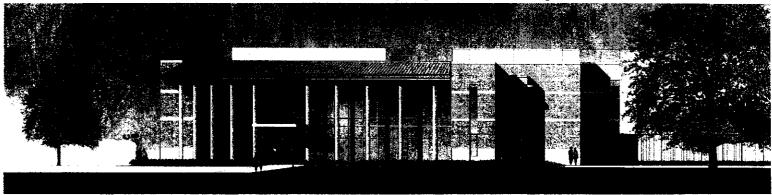


East Elevation – Park Street With Plaster replacing Brick Veneer

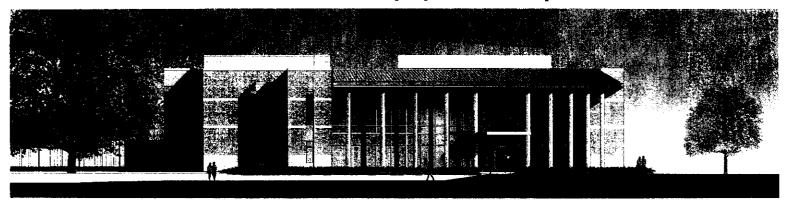


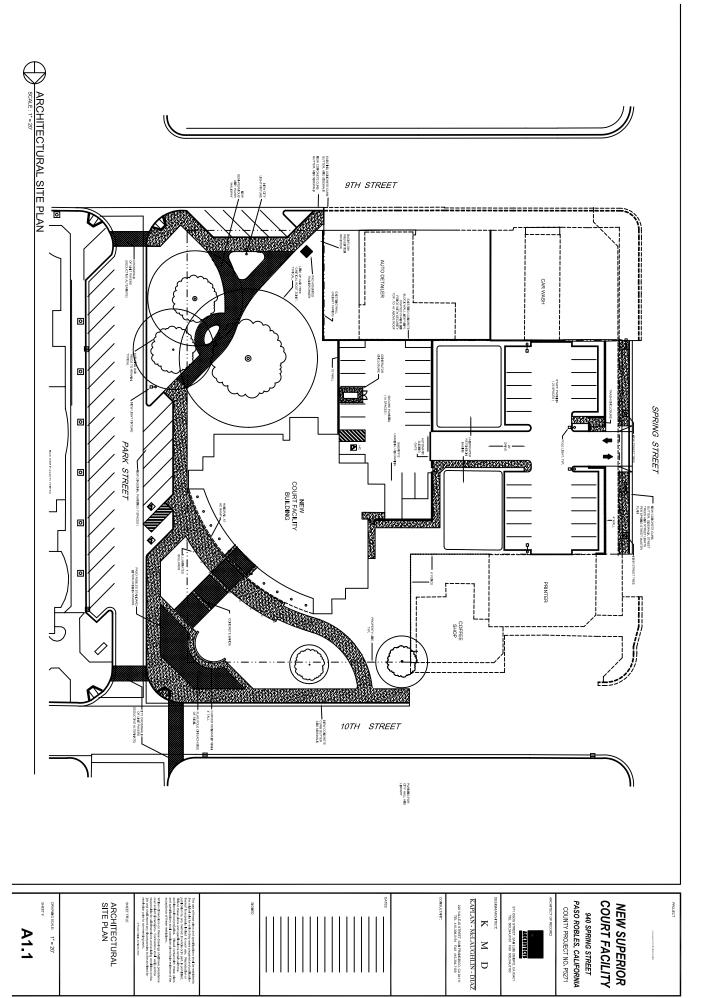
Building Elevations -- New Superior Court Facility, 940 Spring Street

North Elevation – 10th Street With Opaque Panels replaced with Glass

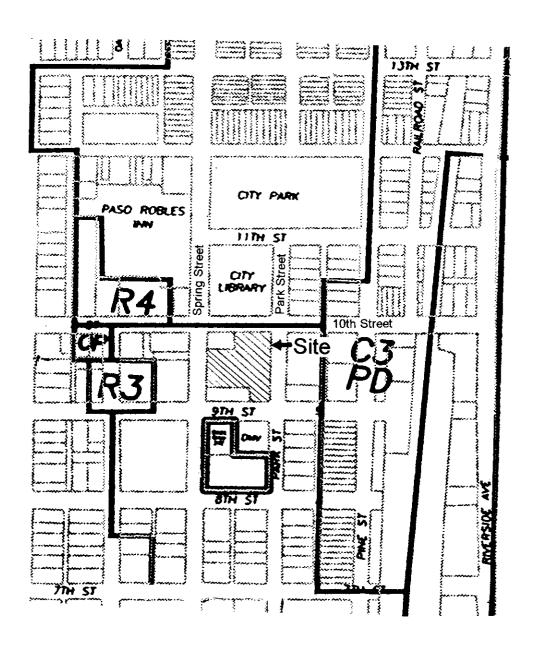


East Elevation - Park Street With Opaque Panels replaced with Glass





Location Map



New Superior Court Facility

